

Indiabulls Housing Finance Limited

Safe Harbour Statement



This document contains certain forward-looking statements based on current expectations of Indiabulls Housing Finance Ltd.'s (CIN: L65922DL2005PLC136029) management. Actual results may vary significantly from the forward-looking statements in this document due to various risks and uncertainties. These risks and uncertainties include the effect of economic and political conditions in India, and outside India, volatility in interest rates and in the securities markets, new regulations and government policies that might impact the business of Indiabulls Housing Finance Ltd., the general state of the Indian economy and the management's ability to implement the company's strategy. Indiabulls Housing Finance Ltd. doesn't undertake any obligation to update these forward-looking statements.

This document does not constitute an offer or recommendation to buy or sell any securities of Indiabulls Housing Finance Ltd. or any of its subsidiaries or associate companies. This document also doesn't constitute an offer or recommendation to buy or sell any financial products offered by Indiabulls Housing Finance Ltd.

Investor Contact

Ramnath Shenoy
indiabulls.update@indiabulls.com
+91 22 6189 1444

Media Contact

Rahat Ahmed mediaquery@indiabulls.com

+91 22 6189 1155

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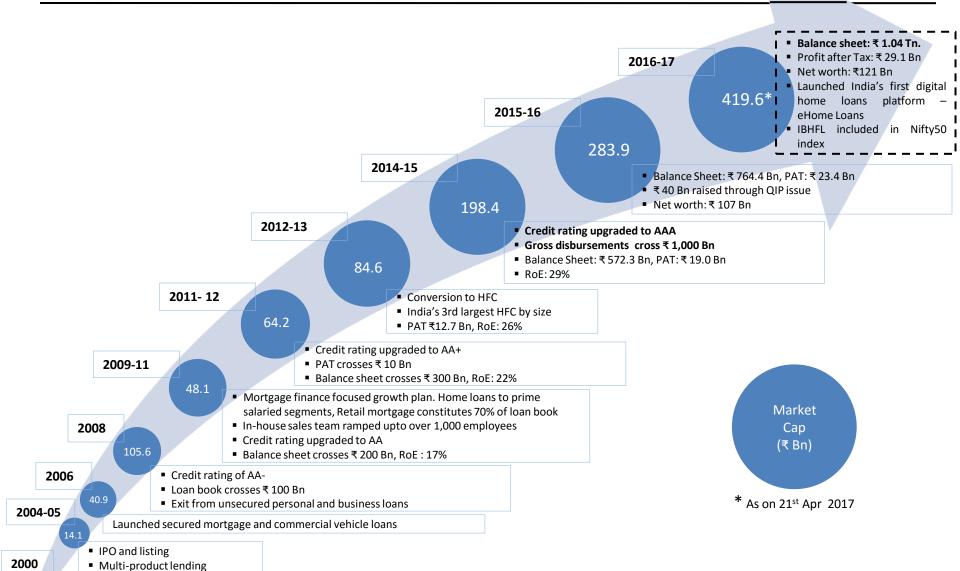


Business Update

Our Journey

Started as an NBFC









Key Financial Highlights: FY 16-17

(ending March 31, 2017)

	FY 16-17	FY 15-16
Balance Sheet (₹ Bn)	1,037.05	764.36
Loan Assets (₹ Bn)	913.01	686.83
Total Revenues (₹ Bn)	117.02	92.26
NII (₹ Bn)	47.68	37.94
PAT (₹ Bn)	29.06	23.45

Y-o-Y
Growth (%)
35.7%
32.9%
26.8%
25.7%
24.0%

Year-on-Year (Y-o-Y) Comparison : Q4 FY16-17 vs Q4 FY15-16

	Q4 FY16-17	Q4 FY15-16
Total Revenues (₹ Bn)	32.25	26.47
NII (₹ Bn)	13.60	11.16
PAT (₹ Bn)	8.41	6.76

Y-o-Y		
Growth (%)		
21.8%		
21.8%		
24.4%		



Rating Upgrade by CRISIL, a S&P Subsidiary

AA+ Stable upgraded to AA+ Positive, a big step forward to becoming AAA

 After HDFC Ltd, IBHFL is only the second independent non-bank company in India to enjoy this rating

IBHFL will gain as cost of borrowing will further come down due to rating upgrade



Indian Home Loans Market

Favourable Macros for Mid-Income Affordable Housing



Strong structural drivers and government focus: "Housing for All by 2022"

- Mid-income mass housing demand covered under Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (PMAY) scheme notified in March 2017
- Home buyers can withdraw from their accumulated Employees' Provident Fund (EPF) corpus for both the down payment on their house as well as to pay their home loan EMIs
- Budget 2017 has meaningfully enhanced the scope of 'Affordable Housing' & 'PMAY' for buyers, lenders and developers to include mass-market mid-income affordable housing

With PMAY for mid-income affordable housing, effective interest rate at 0.42% for home loan of ₹ 2.4 Mn

Effective home loan rates in the mid-income affordable housing segment is at near-zero levels. With rental yields at 3.2%, home ownership is very affordable and much cheaper than renting a house

Favourable Macros for Mid-Income Affordable Housing



RBI, SEBI and IRDA – All regulatory agencies working in tandem towards "Housing for All by 2022"

- SEBI has increased cap on additional exposure to AA (and above) rated HFCs from 25% to 40% in February 2017, the only sector enjoying limit above 25% sectoral limit applicable for all other sectors
- Affordable housing has been granted infrastructure status in the 2017 budget ECBs up to \$ 750 Mn per annum can be raised under automatic route
- RBI has reduced risk weights on bank lending to AAA rated HFCs to 20% from 100% enabling banks to lower the cost of funding to HFCs
- IRDA has exempted investments in AAA rated HFCs from sectoral caps thereby enabling insurance companies to freely invest in HFC debt instruments

EPF: Employees' Provident Fund

ECB: External Commercial Borrowing

Unlocking of EPF Corpus for Purchasing a House and Servicing Home Loan EMIs



- Employee Provident Fund Organisation (EPFO) members can withdraw up to 90% of their accumulated corpus for purchase or construction of a house
- The balance, unutilised EPF corpus can be further withdrawn to service home loan EMIs
- For the home buyer this means:
 - The 20% upfront amount for purchase of house can be paid from withdrawal of accumulated EPF corpus
 - Home loan amount eligibility increases as the EPF amount is now available for paying loan EMIs
- The total EPF corpus is ₹ 8.5 lakh Cr. (₹ 8.5 trillion) with a subscriber base of 50 million
- Of the above, over 7.5 million* subscribers are from the 'exempt' category where annual salaries are in excess of ₹ 250,000, and have been members for over 3 years, representing prime, mass-market house buyers eligible under this scheme

PMAY and Tax Incentives for Mid-Income Affordable Housing



Tremendous boost from expansion of coverage to mid-income affordable housing under Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (PMAY)

- People earning up to ₹ 150,000 per month now covered under the scheme for purchase of a house of carpet area up to 1,185 Sq. Ft.
- There is no cap on the value of the house being purchased
- Up to a home loan amount of ₹ 2,285,000 (property value of ₹ 3,265,000) the effective interest rate on the loan will be less than 0% over the loan tenure, the borrower repays less than the loan amount
- Up to a home loan of ₹ 3,600,000 (property value of ₹ 5,140,000) the effective interest rate on the loan will be less than the rental yield, which averages 3.2% for the top-12 Indian cities
- Effective home loan rate for ₹ 2.4 Mn home loan, IBHFL's average ticket size, is 0.42%
- PMAY subsidies are promptly processed through the NHB and payments are received in 30 days

PMAY and Tax Incentives for Mid-Income Affordable Housing



Illustration for Indiabulls Housing's average Home Loan

- House value : ₹ 3,500,000

- Home loan amount : ₹ 2,400,000 (Loan to value of 70%)

PMAY subsidy : ₹ 230,156
 Net loan amount : ₹ 2,169,844

	Opening Loan	Interest Payment	Principal Repayment (pre-payment at least up till ₹ 150,000	
Years	Principal	, (@ 8.5%)	p.a. to maximise tax benefit)	Tax Saved*
1	2,169,844	182,780	150,000	102,829
2	2,019,844	169,521	150,000	98,732
3	1,869,844	156,263	150,000	94,635
4	1,719,844	143,004	150,000	90,538
5	1,569,844	129,746	150,000	86,441
6	1,419,844	116,487	150,000	82,344
7	1,269,844	103,228	150,000	78,248
8	1,119,844	89,970	150,000	74,151
9	969,844	76,711	150,000	70,054
10	819,844	63,452	162,513	65,957
11	657,332	49,088	176,877	61,518
12	480,455	33,453	192,512	56,687
13	287,943	16,437	209,528	51,429
14	78,415	1,474	78,415	24,686
Total		1,331,614	2,169,844	1,038,249

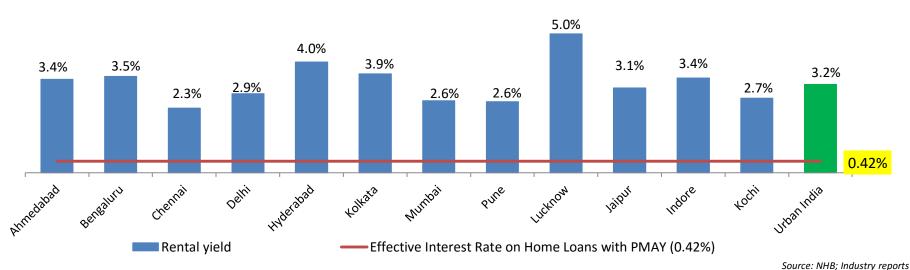
Net Amount Paid
(Net of Tax Savings)
229,951
220,789
211,628
202,466
193,304
184,142
174,981
165,819
156,657
160,008
164,447
169,278
174,536
55,203
2,463,209

Effective Interest Rate	
on Home Loan	0.42% p.a.

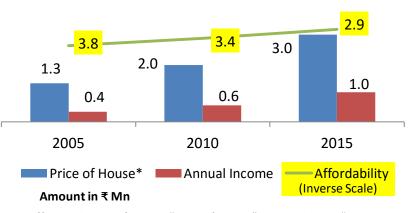
^{*} Tax saved = 30.90% of [interest paid up to ₹ 250,000 + principal paid up to ₹ 150,000]

PMAY and Tax Incentive for Mid-Income Affordable Housing HOME LOAD

Rental Yield v/s Home Loan Cost



Increasing Affordability



- The effective home loan rate is only 0.42% against rental yield of 3.2% in the top-12 Indian cities
- Home ownership is very lucrative and much cheaper than renting property

Affordability is defined as "Price of House" divided by the "Annual Income" * Source: NHB; Industry reports

Growth Momentum in Mid-Income Affordable India Housing

- RBI's All-India House Price Index (HPI), April 3, 2017: House prices hold steady and rise by 2.3% through demonetization phase of Q3 FY17, belying much touted expectations¹
 https://rbi.org.in/Scripts/BS_PressReleaseDisplay.aspx?prid=40041
- PMO directs state governments to build land banks for affordable housing projects
- CREDAI to launch 375 affordable housing projects constructing 237,000 housing units
- Sluggish home sales in premium-segment has got organized developers to focus on mid-income affordable housing
- Affordable housing market estimated at ₹ 6.25 trillion by 2022²



RBI, April 3, 2017

PMO directs all government departments to spot vacant lands to push affordable housing

The government wants to build a land bank to give a push to affordable housing initiative

Economic Times, April 7, 2017

Affordable housing segment to grow at 30%, faster than industry: ICRA

Government has increased focus on affordable housing by giving 39% higher allocations under PMAY compared to FY17

ET Realty, March 22, 2017

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Indiabuls HOME LOANS

Commercial Office Space Absorption

- Office space leasing at ₹ 50 to ₹ 70 per sq. ft. per month (~ 1 USD) is a lead indicator of housing demand. As a rule of thumb, 100 sq. ft. of office space requires almost 1,000 sq.ft. of residential space
- Commercial office space absorption at an all time high of 43 mn sq. ft. in CY2016¹
 - Sustained leasing demand touched 9.3 mn. sq.ft. in Q1 CY 2017 a 8% Y-o-Y growth ²
 - Demand is secular across key-micro markets of the country
 - Sectorally broad-based demand led by IT, ITES, BFSI, engineering and manufacturing
- Office space vacancy is at a 8-year low. Office space vacancy in metros has slipped below 10%
 - Bangalore topped the list with only 4%³ office space vacancy and it also saw highest leasing volumes in the Asia-Pacific region
 - Pune and Hyderabad recorded 6% and 9%³ levels of office vacancy space respectively
- Leasing activity is highest in suburban and peripheral localities, which coincide with supply of midincome affordable housing

Office space leasing rises to 8 million sq ft in March quarter, new supply drops: Report

Office space leasing for top 8 cities rises to 8 mn sq.ft. for Q1 CY17 $\,$

ET Realty, April 6, 2017

PE investment in office assets to hit \$3.5 billion: Cushman & Wakefield

Buoyed by stability in the commercial sector as well as potential to list under REITs, institutional investors have been keen to plough in funds in leased office assets

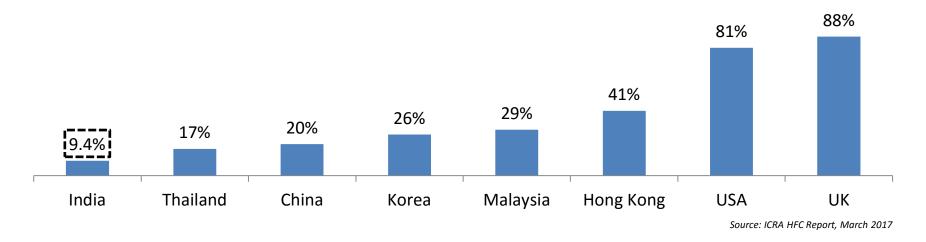
Private Equity funding in Indian office assets to surge 4-fold to \$3.5 billion in 2017

ET Realty, Apr 3, 2017

Housing Potential: Driven by Favourable Demographics



- Urban housing requirement: estimated at 45 million units by 2022¹
- Demand continues to increase due to rapid urbanization, which is expected to rise to 40% by 2030², and growing trend of nuclear families



- Low mortgage penetration compared to advanced and emerging economies implies huge opportunity for growth
- Indian mortgage industry at an inflection point and is expected to grow five-fold in the next 10 years

Strong Structural Drivers and Government **Focus**



CV2016: Boact to the Housing Sector

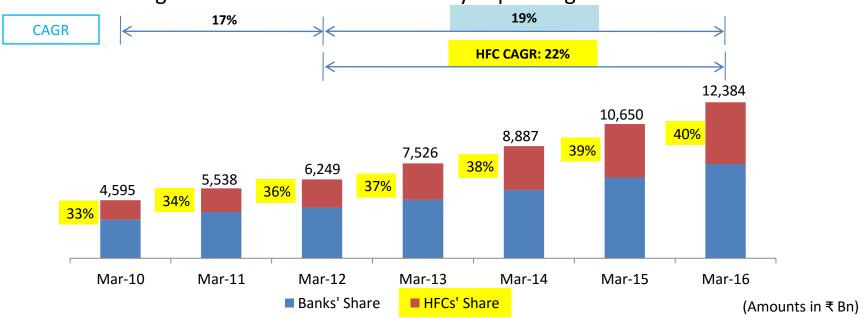
CY2016: Boost to	o the Housing Sector			
Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (PMAY)	Subsidy eligibility under Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (PMAY) enhanced to cover up to ₹ 12 lakh of home loan – reduces effective home loan rates to 0.42% for mid-income affordable housing			
EPF Corpus Withdrawal	Home buyers can withdraw from their accumulated EPF corpus for both the down payment on their house as well as paying their home loan EMIs			
Regulator	Real Estate (Regulatory & Development) Act, 2016 will lead to a structured, transparent and disciplined sector			
Tax Incentives	Increased tax incentive reduces effective home loan yields to 0.42% for a 8.50% home loan			
Budget 2016-17	100% tax exemption on profits from construction of affordable housing will attract organized developers and increase supply			
Fiscal Incentives	Service tax exemption on construction of affordable housing will lead to reduction in prices, increasing affordability			
7 th Pay Commission	Annual payout to 10 Mn government employees to go up by ₹ 1 Tn per annum. Increased disposable income will have positive impact on the housing sector			
Key Structural D	rivers of Housing Growth			
Favorable Demographics	66% of India's population is below 35 years of age. Urban housing requirement estimated to grow to 45 million units by 2022			
Accelerating Urbanization	Urbanisation to rise to 40% of population by 2030 from the present 31%			
Improving Affordability	Rising disposable income, affordable housing loan interest rates and tepid property price inflation resulting in rapidly increasing affordability			
Government Policy Thrust	Housing for All by 2022; Smart cities plan; Atal Mission for Rejuvenation and Urban Transformation; Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (PMAY)			
Funding Drivers	RBI, SEBI and IRDA – regulatory focus on increasing funding avenues to HFCs; Distribution tax on			

securitization abolished



Mortgage Market Growth

Growing HFC Market Share in a Steadily Expanding Home Loans Market



Rating agency ICRA in their report published in Mar 2017 mentions that HFCs maintained their pace of growth through demonetization and highlighted strong growth prospects:

- For 9M ending Dec 16 HFCs grew y-o-y by 19% similar to their growth in FY16
- HFCs unimpacted by demonetization outpaced banks to capture incremental home loans' market share
- Large HFCs will benefit from a drop in MCLR by re-pricing their liabilities and thus reducing their funding costs
- Large HFCs have lower operating cost ratios and can better protect their profits than smaller HFCs

No Regulatory Arbitrage: Regulatory Regime for HFCs at par with Banks



Paran	neters	HFCs	Banks	NBFCs
NPA Recognition		90 dpd	90 dpd	90 dpd (from FY18)
CRAR		12%	9%	15%
- Tier 1		6%	6%	7.5%
Standard Asset	Housing Loans	0.4%	0.4%	0.4% (from FY18)
Provisions	Others	1%	0.25-1%	0.4% (from FY18)
SARFAESI Coverage		Yes	Yes	Yes

- HFCs are regulated by National Housing Bank (NHB), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Reserve Bank of India (RBI)
- New regulatory guidelines are uniformly applied to both banks and HFCs



Financial and Operational Highlights



Indiabuls HOME LOANS

Balance Sheet : ₹ 1.04 Trillion

• Loans Outstanding : ₹ 913.01 Bn (March 31, 2017) : (US\$ 14.05 Bn)

• Loan Assets CAGR (5 years) : 27%

Cumulative Loans given to retail Customers : 919,183

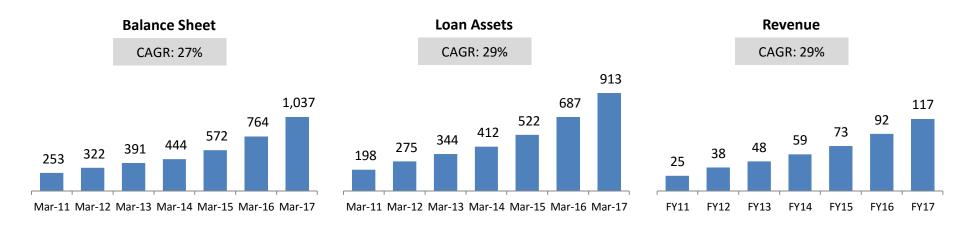
 Cumulative Loans Disbursed till date : ₹ 1.67 Tn (US\$ 25.61 Bn)

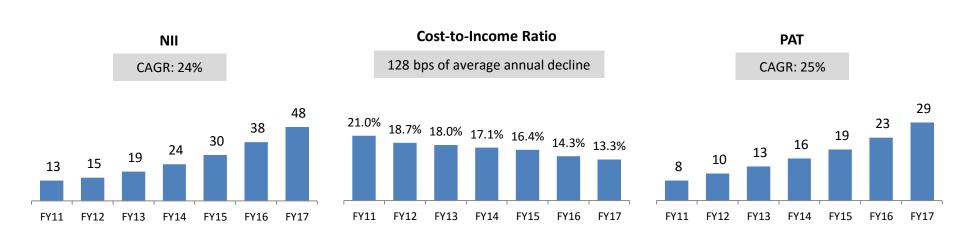
• Cost to Income Ratio (FY 17) : 13.3%

• Profit After Tax CAGR (5 years) : 24%

Consistent Track Record

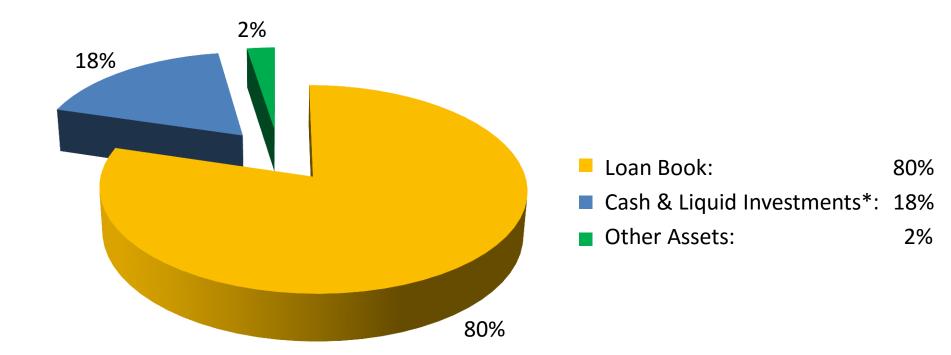






Balance Sheet Assets

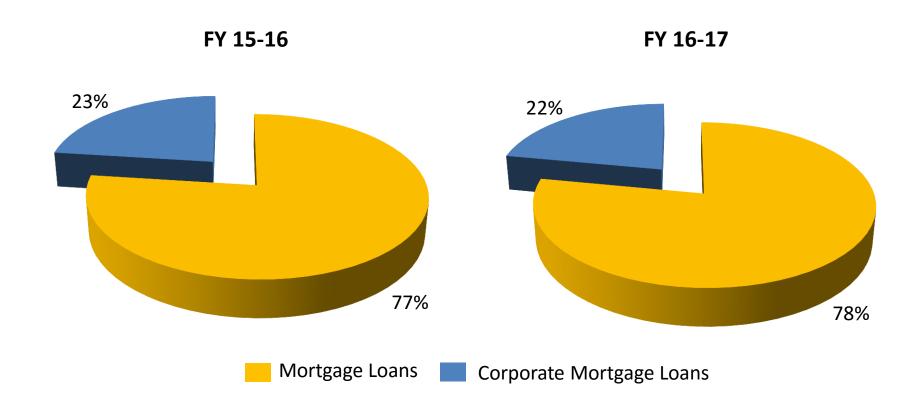




Total Assets	
As at March 31, 2017	₹ 1.04 Tn (US\$ 15.95 Bn)
As at March 31, 2016	₹ 764.4 Bn (US\$ 11.76 Bn)

^{*}Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments in Liquid Debt Instruments

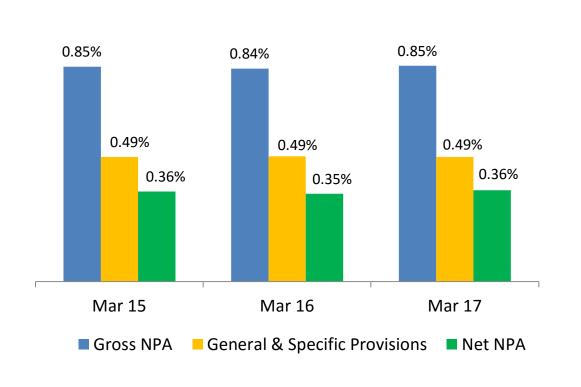




 Home loans, which form the majority of incremental disbursals, are disbursed at an average ticket size of ₹ 2.4 Mn; average LTV of 71% (at origination)

Asset Quality





NPA (90+ dpd):	(in ₹ Bn) 7.77
Provisions for	
Contingencies: Of which	11.49
NPAs:	4.49
Other provisioning:	7.00
Regulatory Provisioning:	7.75
Excess Provisioning Over Regulatory	
Provisioning:	3.74

Provisioning Cover: 148% of GNPA

As at March 31, 2017

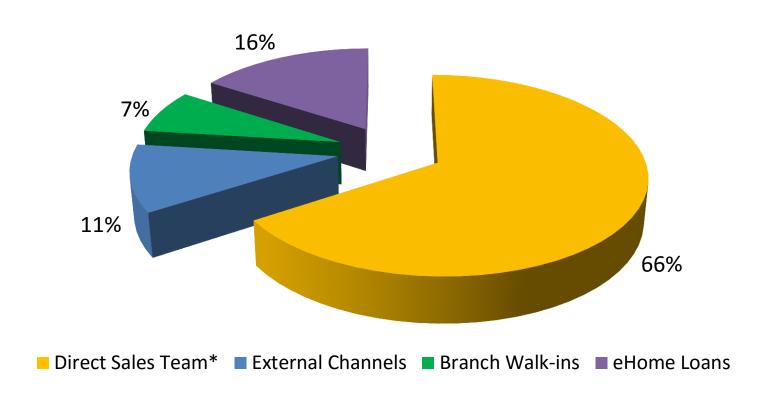
(as % of Total Loan Assets)

- NPAs have remained within the target range for the last 23 quarters
- Standard Asset Provision and Counter-cyclical Provisions are over and above General and Specific Provision pool and are not netted off against Gross NPAs in calculation of Net NPAs
- ₹ 3.74 Bn of excess provisioning over and above regulatory requirements
- Standard asset provisioning rates are 0.4% for housing loans and 1.0% for non-housing loans

dpd: days past due

Retail Mortgage Loans' Sourcing





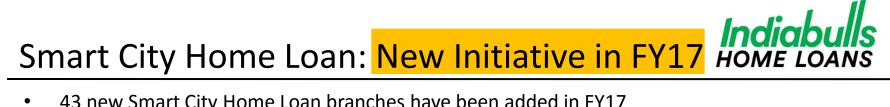
- 20% of home loans' sourcing is now through eHome Loans
- 89% of incremental sourcing is done in-house between on-rolls employees and eHome Loans

Home Loan Profile: Focus on Mid-Income Affordable Housing



Average Loan Size	₹ 2.4 Mn
Maximum Loan to Value	80%
Average Loan to Value	71% (at origination)
Average Loan Term	15 years
Primary Security	Mortgage of property financed
Repayment Type	Monthly amortizing

- PMAY extended to Middle Income Group (MIG) defined as households with annual income up to ₹ 1.8 Mn for purchase of a house of carpet area of up to 1,185 Sq. Ft.
- Effective home loan rate for ₹ 2.4 Mn home loan, IBHFL's average ticket size, is 0.42%



- 43 new Smart City Home Loan branches have been added in FY17
- 7% of monthly incremental home loans' applications are being sourced from these branches

Minimum Loan Size	₹ 1.0 Mn
Average Loan Size	₹ 1.5 Mn
Maximum Loan Size	₹ 4.0 Mn
Maximum Loan to Value	80% (at origination)
Maximum Loan Term	20 years
Primary Security	Mortgage of property financed
Repayment Type	Monthly amortizing



Conservative Loan Against Property Profile

Average Loan Size	₹ 7.3 Mn
Maximum Loan to Value	65%
Average Loan to Value	49% (at origination)
Average Loan Term	7 years
Primary Security	Mortgage of property financed
Repayment Type	Monthly amortizing
Basis of Credit Appraisal	Business cash flow analysis based



LAP Grading and Monitoring of Sold Down Pools

A Pioneering Initiative for Improved Risk Management and Greater Transparency

Loan Against Property Grading from CRISIL and ICRA



- LAP grading engagement with CRISIL (a Standard and Poor's Company) and ICRA (a Moody's Investors Service Company)
 - CRISIL grades LAP loans on aspects such as past payment track record; nature of business and financial performance; nature of property; and loan attributes like ticket size, lending scheme, loan tenure, etc.
 - ICRA grades LAP loans on aspects such as financial strength; business and management; collateral strength, quality and enforceability; and attributes of the loan itself
 - Engagement with CRISIL was initiated in Q1FY16 and with ICRA in Q2FY16
- Concurrent grading by multiple rating agencies
 - Offers IBHFL a broader and deeper perspective and means to further improve loan portfolio
 - Rating agencies are important stakeholders: exercise will increase comfort and transparency on the asset class
- Grading exercise is being built into a comprehensive risk model
 - Portfolio performance and delinquency is being tracked against loan grades
 - Proactive customer management: retention, upsell/ cross-sell, delinquency management
 - Learning is being fed back to improve loan underwriting and continuously upgrade lending policy





Detailed assessment of key factors determining quality of LAP loans

Financial Strength	Business Management
 Interest and debt service cover Revenues, margin and profitability Networth and leverage Growth track of key financial parameters 	 Business sector and sectoral prospects Business duration and track record Debt service track record Experience and qualification of promoters and proprietors Management strength and experience
Collateral Quality	Underwriting Process Adherence
 Property type and location Valuation of property Ownership and title chain of property Adherence to local zoning and planning permissions 	 Independent verification and valuation Third party database checks CERSAI Registrar of companies Credit bureau checks CIBIL mortgage checks RBI willful defaulter list Experian Hunter fraud check

8th Report CRISIL LAP Grading: Updated for Q4 FY17



Grading			Segment Characteristics			
Grading Scale	Quality of LAP Loans#	Disbursals Apr 15 – Mar17	Interest Service Coverage Ratio (ISCR)	Total Outstanding Liabilities/ Total Networth	Loan to Value (LTV)	EBITDA Margins
LAP1	Highest	9.69%	11.2 - 14.4	1.4 – 1.6	49%	14% – 17%
LAP2	High	81.12%	10.1 – 12.6	2.1 – 2.3	51%	11% – 14%
LAP3	Average	8.65%	10.3 – 13.4	2.9 – 3.1	55%	9% – 11%
LAP4	Below Average	0.23%	13.5– 15.2	1.4 – 1.5	48%	12% – 15%
LAP5	Poor	0.31%	8.4- 9.3	2.0 – 2.1	53%	13% - 16%

99% of incremental LAP loans are within the top three grades

- For the last two years, incremental LAP loans are graded by CRISIL Ratings
- Grading is based on customized scale developed by CRISIL Ratings for IBHFL's LAP loans to small business owners
- CRISIL grades the loans on aspects such as financial strength; business and management; collateral; and underwriting process

^{*} CRISIL LAP grading engagement began in Q1FY16 and up till the publication of this earnings update, CRISIL had graded 76% of the disbursals from Apr 15 to Mar 17 # Adjudged by CRISIL in relation to other LAP loans extended to other borrowers

ICRA LAP Grading Methodology (2nd rating agency to grade LAP loans)



- In Q2 FY 2015-16, IBHFL tied up with rating agency ICRA to grade its incremental LAP loans
- ICRA LAP Grading reflects ICRA's assessment of the credit quality of the loan on a ICRA developed customised scale

Grading Assessment Parameters

Business and Business Owner

- Fixed obligation to income ratio (FOIR)
- Past payment track record
- Credit bureau check
- Nature of business and financial parameters
- Due diligence checks
 - Field credit investigation
 - Personal discussion
 - Reference checks

Collateral Quality and Enforceability

- Loan to value ratio (LTV)
- Nature of property
 - Residential
 - Commercial
- Usage of property
 - Self occupied
 - Rented
 - Vacant
- Property location
- Quality of construction
- Adherence to sanction plans

Loan Attributes

- Ticket Size
- Sourcing channel
- Lending scheme
- Loan tenure

6th Report ICRA LAP Grading: Updated for Q4 FY17



Grading		Characteristics		
Grading Scale	Level of credit worthiness	Grading Distribution	Median LTV	Median FOIR
LAP1	Excellent	15.6%	26%	33%
LAP2	Good	65.4%	53%	46%
LAP3	Average	18.7%	65%	58%
LAP4	Below Average	0.3%	61%	64%
LAP5	Inadequate	-	-	-

Over 99% of incremental LAP loans are within the top three grades

- For the last two years, incremental LAP loans are graded by ICRA
- Grading is based on customized scale developed by ICRA for IBHFL's LAP loans to small business owners
- ICRA grades the loans on aspects such as business and business owner quality; collateral quality enforceability; and loan strengths

Monitoring Report of ₹ 164.6 Bn of Sold Down Portfolio – from Rating Agencies CRISIL, ICRA and CARE



- CRISIL, a Standard & Poor's Company, publishes pool performance parameters for 74 of 81 sold down pools
- ICRA, a Moody's Investors Service Company, and CARE publishes pool performance of 7 PTC pools rated by them
- Pool collections monitored at an account level
- Typically done only for PTC transactions. The engagement with CRISIL will now ensure that all pools are monitored on a monthly basis
 - Number of live pools: 81
 - Sold down principal of live pools: ₹ 164.6 Bn
 - Current principal outstanding: ₹88.9 Bn

Rating Agency	Number of Pools	Sold Down Principal (₹ Bn)
CRISIL	74	148.0
ICRA	1	3.2
CARE	6	13.4
Total	81	164.6

Monitoring Report of ₹ 164.6 Bn of Sold Down Portfolio – from Rating Agencies CRISIL, ICRA and CARE



IBHFL's strong underwriting and portfolio quality is affirmed in the performance of ₹ 164.6 Bn of sold down portfolio as published by CRISIL, ICRA and CARE

		Initial Poo	l Details				of Initi	al POS		
Summary	Number of Pools	Disbursement (₹ Bn)	Sold Down Principal (₹Bn)	Months on Book	Pool Principal (₹ Bn)	Amortisation	90+ dpd %	180+ dpd %	CCR	MCR
HL Pools	46	81.8	75.5	44	41.6	49%	0.05%	0.02%	99.9%	100.3%
LAP Pools	35	98.2	89.1	36	43.0	56%	0.09%	0.01%	99.6%	99.6%
Total	81	180.1	164.6	40	84.5	53%	0.07%	0.01%	99.7%	99.9%

Home Loans

- Average vintage of sold down pools of ₹ 75.5 Bn of principal is 44 months
- The pools have amortised 49% since disbursal
- The cumulative collection ratio (CCR) is at 99.9%
- Monthly collection ratio (MCR) is in line with CCR at 100.3%

Loan against Property (LAP)

- Average vintage of sold down pools of ₹89.1 Bn of principal is 36 months
- The pools have amortised 56% since disbursal
- The cumulative collection ratio (CCR) is at 99.6%
- Monthly collection ratio (MCR) is in line with CCR at 99.6%

Home Loans Pool Performance Factsheet: CRISIL Direct Assignments (Sold Down)



		In	itial Pool Detai	ils				of Initi	al POS		
Sr. No.	Investor	Sold Down Date	Disbursement (₹ Mn)	Sold Down Principal (₹ Mn)	MPS	Pool Principal (₹ Mn)	Amortisation	90+ dpd %	180+ dpd %	CCR	MCR
1	Bank 1	20-Mar-12	1,679.7	1,587.4	59	516.3	69%	0.00%	0.00%	100.0%	99.9%
2	Bank 2	21-Mar-12	1,427.4	1,371.8	59	379.4	73%	0.00%	0.00%	100.0%	100.0%
3	Bank 3	22-Mar-12	1,057.0	1,026.9	59	249.4	76%	0.00%	0.00%	100.0%	99.8%
4	Bank 4	29-Oct-13	1,654.5	1,501.5	40	377.5	77%	0.16%	0.00%	99.9%	99.9%
5	Bank 4	27-Dec-13	2,731.5	2,566.6	38	854.8	69%	0.00%	0.00%	99.4%	99.0%
6	Bank 3	31-Dec-13	857.1	796.7	38	408.2	52%	0.00%	0.00%	100.0%	100.0%
7	Bank 4	20-Mar-14	3,451.6	3,248.2	35	1,502.0	56%	0.11%	0.11%	99.8%	99.4%
8	Bank 5	28-Mar-14	2,119.7	1,873.7	35	615.5	71%	0.00%	0.00%	99.7%	110.1%
9	Bank 6	28-Mar-14	1,011.2	972.6	35	460.6	54%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	100.4%
10	Bank 5	27-Jun-14	1,072.1	1,000.4	32	386.0	64%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	99.7%
11	Bank 6	30-Jul-14	1,023.7	941.3	31	536.2	48%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	99.8%
12	Bank 5	30-Sep-14	1,299.1	1,073.0	29	323.2	75%	0.00%	0.00%	99.8%	101.4%
13	Bank 5	26-Dec-14	840.8	755.1	26	331.5	61%	0.00%	0.00%	100.0%	100.0%
14	Bank 4	30-Dec-14	2,345.9	2,203.2	26	1,197.2	49%	0.12%	0.00%	99.9%	99.8%
15	Bank 4	01-Mar-15	1,877.0	1,736.8	23	951.1	49%	0.10%	0.10%	99.9%	100.3%
16	Bank 4	11-Jun-15	1,000.3	950.3	20	650.3	35%	0.35%	0.35%	99.7%	98.5%
17	Bank 4	23-Jun-15	2,328.0	2,076.8	20	1,206.2	48%	0.27%	0.00%	99.9%	99.4%
18	Bank 7	29-Jun-15	999.8	939.2	20	556.1	44%	0.29%	0.29%	99.8%	98.9%
19	Bank 8	25-Aug-15	729.1	681.6	18	521.2	29%	0.00%	0.00%	100.0%	100.3%

Home Loans Pool Performance Factsheet: CRISIL Direct Assignments (Sold Down)



		In	itial Pool Detai	ils				of Initi	al POS		
Sr. No.	Investor	Sold Down Date	Disbursement (₹ Mn)	Sold Down Principal (₹ Mn)	MPS	Pool Principal (₹ Mn)	Amortisation	90+ dpd %	180+ dpd %	CCR	MCR
20	Bank 7	01-Sep-15	1,380.1	1,288.1	17	775.5	44%	0.39%	0.00%	99.9%	99.4%
21	Bank 8	24-Sep-15	1,164.0	1,112.7	17	936.4	20%	0.09%	0.09%	99.9%	100.0%
22	Bank 7	28-Sep-15	1,167.8	1,071.5	17	646.8	45%	0.00%	0.00%	100.0%	100.3%
23	Bank 7	23-Dec-15	528.5	501.6	14	314.1	41%	0.00%	0.00%	100.0%	100.0%
24	Bank 8	31-Dec-15	1,178.5	1,096.1	14	821.4	30%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	99.7%
25	Bank 9	31-Dec-15	4,496.4	4,158.1	14	3,560.3	21%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	99.9%
26	Bank 8	29-Feb-16	1,053.0	993.4	12	826.4	22%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	98.9%
27	Bank 6	21-Mar-16	2,818.3	2,605.9	11	1,964.3	30%	0.04%	0.04%	99.9%	100.5%
28	Bank 6	21-Mar-16	973.8	881.6	11	688.3	29%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	100.8%
29	Bank 9	23-Mar-16	1,341.8	1,250.2	11	982.3	27%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	99.9%
30	Bank 8	28-Mar-16	620.4	589.3	11	505.6	19%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	99.5%
31	Bank 8	31-Mar-16	597.8	562.7	11	436.2	27%	0.58%	0.00%	99.7%	99.9%
32	Bank 6	30-Jun-16	1,119.6	1,039.1	8	865.7	23%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	100.5%
33	Bank 8	30-Jun-16	1,864.9	1,749.4	8	1,509.6	19%	0.19%	0.00%	99.7%	99.9%
34	Bank 9	30-Jun-16	1,153.7	1,085.4	8	901.9	22%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	99.7%
35	Bank 10	30-Jun-16	1,358.3	1,253.7	8	941.2	31%	0.00%	0.00%	100.0%	100.1%
36	Bank 8	28-Sep-16	2,564.5	2,404.8	5	2,216.5	14%	0.15%	0.00%	99.8%	99.9%
37	Bank 9	28-Sep-16	1,189.4	1,114.6	5	942.3	21%	0.00%	0.00%	100.0%	100.0%
38	Bank 11	29-Sep-16	1,286.2	1,202.3	5	1,061.1	17%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	99.8%

MCR: Monthly collection ratio dpd: days past due

LAP Pool Performance Factsheet: CRISIL Direct Assignments (Sold Down)



		lı	nitial Pool Deta	ils				of Initi	al POS		
Sr. No.	Investor	Sold Down Date	Disbursement (₹ Mn)	Sold Down Principal (₹ Mn)	MPS	Pool Principal (₹ Mn)	Amortisation	90+ dpd %	180+ dpd %	CCR	MCR
1	Bank 2	29-Sep-11	3,676.9	3,354.5	65	351.0	90%	0.00%	0.00%	99.8%	91.9%
2	Bank 2	28-Dec-11	2,674.5	2,502.9	62	256.6	90%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	99.9%
3	Bank 1	20-Mar-12	2,360.3	2,223.4	59	308.8	87%	0.00%	0.00%	99.8%	97.6%
4	Bank 2	22-Mar-12	2,852.1	2,596.1	59	263.9	91%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	91.7%
5	Bank 3	31-Dec-13	2,244.2	1,984.9	38	403.0	82%	0.00%	0.00%	100.0%	100.0%
6	Bank 10	07-Feb-14	4,298.2	3,664.8	36	774.3	82%	0.16%	0.16%	99.4%	105.7%
7	Bank 4	28-Mar-14	2,716.0	2,382.8	35	690.8	75%	0.00%	0.00%	99.8%	95.9%
8	Bank 4	20-Jun-14	2,310.9	2,104.1	32	508.9	78%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	99.3%
9	Bank 4	27-Jun-14	1,854.7	1,706.4	32	660.6	64%	0.12%	0.12%	99.5%	97.1%
10	Bank 10	29-Dec-14	4,540.4	4,129.0	26	1,621.7	64%	0.05%	0.00%	98.7%	100.7%
11	Bank 2	30-Mar-15	10,671.9	9,661.5	23	4,578.1	57%	0.35%	0.04%	99.6%	102.1%
12	Bank 4	30-Jun-15	1,450.6	1,253.0	20	647.6	55%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	102.9%
13	Bank 12	28-Sep-15	2,201.9	2,007.9	17	1,071.7	51%	0.00%	0.00%	99.3%	99.7%
14	Bank 12	28-Sep-15	2,345.4	2,225.4	17	1,407.0	40%	0.46%	0.00%	99.4%	99.6%
15	Bank 1	28-Sep-15	3,594.8	3,166.2	17	1,783.7	50%	0.00%	0.00%	99.3%	99.0%
16	Bank 8	29-Sep-15	4,302.8	4,045.8	17	2,297.5	47%	0.50%	0.00%	99.6%	99.0%
17	Bank 12	09-Dec-15	333.1	268.4	14	169.0	49%	0.00%	0.00%	99.7%	102.7%
18	Bank 12	09-Dec-15	506.3	483.2	14	383.6	24%	0.00%	0.00%	97.1%	93.5%
19	Bank 12	23-Dec-15	1,561.8	1,485.4	14	909.0	42%	0.35%	0.00%	99.7%	97.2%
20	Bank 1	31-Dec-15	1,203.8	1,108.6	14	780.7	35%	0.00%	0.00%	99.8%	101.5%
21	Bank 1	31-Dec-15	2,785.4	2,472.0	14	1,297.3	53%	0.00%	0.00%	99.5%	98.7%
22	Bank 1	03-Mar-16	956.7	860.5	11	449.7	53%	0.00%	0.00%	99.8%	100.0%
23	Bank 12	10-Mar-16	1,753.5	1,666.4	11	1,195.0	32%	0.00%	0.00%	99.7%	99.3%
24	Bank 9	30-Jun-16	2,503.4	2,326.7	8	1,811.0	28%	0.00%	0.00%	99.5%	101.1%
25	Bank 10	30-Jun-16	4,059.2	3,682.8	8	2,865.1	29%	0.00%	0.00%	99.4%	98.2%
26	Bank 13	26-Sep-16	1,523.7	1,386.7	5	1,178.0	23%	0.00%	0.00%	99.5%	98.5%
27	Bank 13	26-Sep-16	2,162.9	1,942.2	5	1,630.6	25%	0.00%	0.00%	99.8%	100.0%
28	Bank 8	30-Sep-16	3,311.7	3,036.9	5	2,640.0	20%	0.00%	0.00%	99.5%	99.8%

MPS: Months post securitisation CCR: Cumulative collection ratio

MCR: Monthly collection ratio dpd: days past due

Home Loans and LAP Pool Performance Factsheet Pass-Through Certificates



Home Loan PTC Pools rated by CRISIL

	_	II.	nitial Pool Detail	s				of Initi	al POS			
Sr. No.	Investor	Sold Down Date	Disbursement (₹ Mn)	Sold Down Principal (₹ Mn)	MPS	Pool Principal (₹ Mn)	Amortisation	90+ dpd %	180+ dpd %	CCR	MCR	Outstanding Rating from
1	Bank 2	30-Dec-13	1,095.9	993.3	39	463.4	58%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	100.0%	CRISIL
2	Bank 14	01-Mar-15	2,940.5	2,724.4	25	1,969.2	33%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	99.9%	CRISIL
3	Bank 3	31-Dec-12	1,286.5	1,186.2	51	494.9	62%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	98.7%	CRISIL
4	FI 1	11-Mar-13	10,911.2	9,686.4	48	2,003.9	82%	0.00%	0.00%	99.8%	101.8%	CRISIL
5	Bank 3	28-Mar-13	1,146.0	1,070.9	48	494.6	57%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	99.8%	CRISIL
6	Bank 14	27-Sep-13	3,119.0	2,864.4	42	1,292.8	59%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	100.5%	CRISIL
LAP PT	LAP PTC Pools rated by CRISIL											
1	Bank 14	30-Sep-16	1,437.3	1,359.8	5	1,234.7	14%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	99.0%	CRISIL
2	Bank 9	30-Dec-16	5,458.2	5,126.9	2	4,908.9	10%	0.00%	0.00%	99.8%	99.7%	CRISIL

Home Loan PTC Pools rated by ICRA and CARE

		Initial Pool Details						of Initial POS				
Sr. No.	Investor	Sold Down Date	Disbursement (₹ Mn)	Sold Down Principal (₹ Mn)	MPS	Pool Principal (₹ Mn)	Amortisation	90+ dpd %	180+ dpd %	CCR	MCR	Outstanding Rating from
1	Bank 2	20-Mar-14	3,353.9	3,151.7	35	1,761.4	47%	0.00%	0.00%	99.99%	99.88%	ICRA
2	Bank 3	28-Sep-12	616.0	549.0	53	165.5	73%	0.00%	0.00%	100.00%	100.1%	CARE
LAP PT	C Pools ra	ated by CARE 28-Mar-13	5,686.6	4,932.0	47	915.8	84%	0.00%	0.00%	99.4%	101.1%	CARE
2	Bank 3	28-Mar-13	1,114.9	1,024.0	47	139.2	88%	0.00%	0.00%	99.5%	97.6%	CARE
3	Bank 2	30-Dec-13	1,114.1	986.0	38	261.6	77%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	108.5%	CARE
4	Bank 2	20-Mar-14	4,403.3	3,850.0	35	989.5	78%	0.00%	0.00%	99.8%	100.6%	CARE
5	Bank 3	31-Mar-16	2,279.9	2,091.0	11	1,587.3	30%	0.00%	0.00%	99.0%	98.9%	CARE

MPS: Months post securitisation CCR: Cumulative collection ratio

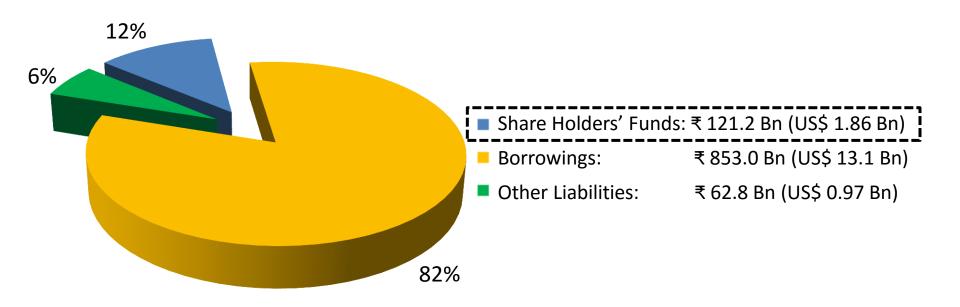
MCR: Monthly collection ratio dpd: days past due



Liabilities Profile

Liabilities



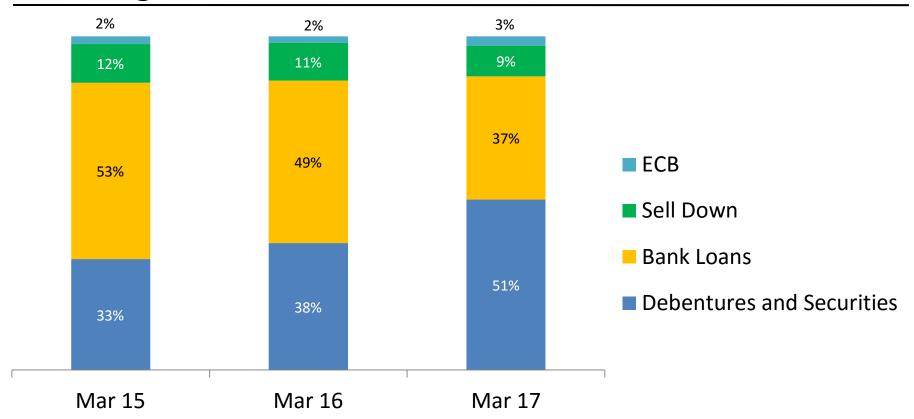


Total Liabilities:

As of March 31, 2017: ₹ 1.04 Tn (US\$ 15.95 Bn)
As of March 31, 2016: ₹ 764.4 Bn (US\$ 11.76 Bn)



Funding Mix

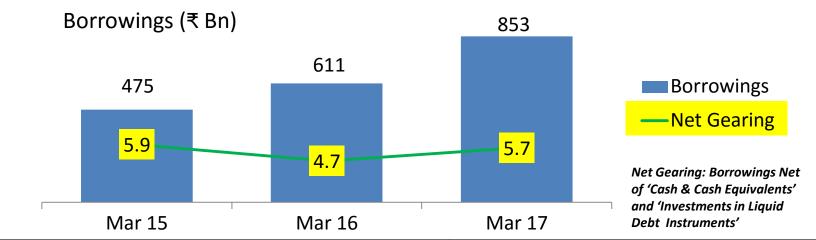


Total Borrowings:

As of March 31, 2017: ₹853.0 Bn (US\$ 13.12 Bn) As of March 31, 2016 : ₹610.9 Bn (US\$ 9.40 Bn)



Strengthening Liability Profile

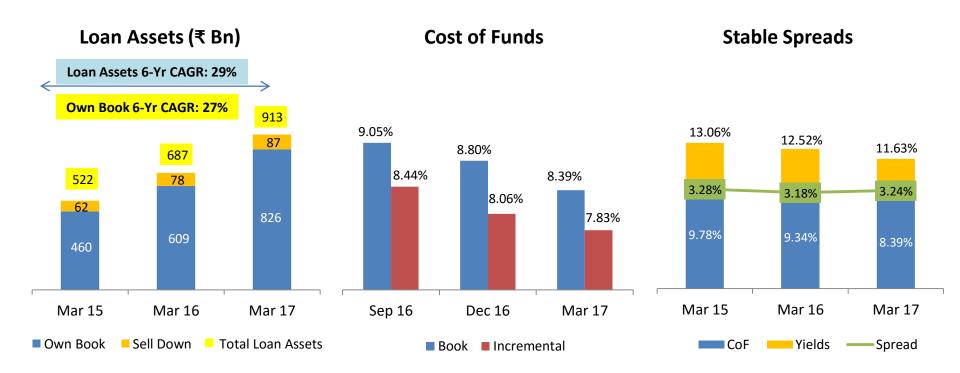


Total Fu	nding (₹Bn)		Net Incremental	Contribution to Incremental
	Mar 17	Mar 16	in 12M	Borrowings in last 12 Months
Bank Loans	346.6	335.7	10.9	4.3%
Debentures and Securities	480.5	261.9	218.6	87.1%
ECB	25.9	13.3	12.6	5.1%
Total Borrowing	853.0	610.9	242.1	96.5%
Sell Down	86.9	78.2	8.7	3.5%
Total	939.9	689.1	250.8	100.0%

- ₹ 276.5 Bn of debenture and securities raised in 12M 2016-17 was greater than ₹ 220.0 Bn raised in thirty-six months spanning FY 2013-14, FY 2014-15 and FY 2015-16; and more than 2x of that raised in FY 2015-16
- IBHFL is only the second HFC to successfully tap the masala bond market to raise \$ 200 Mn in FY17
- The company raised \$ 350 mn of ECBs in FY17, which saw strong participation from over 15 Japanese, Taiwanese and other lenders across Asia
- Amongst its lenders, the company now counts 375 strong relationships: 26 PSU banks, 20 Private and Foreign banks and 329
 Mutual Funds, Provident Funds, Pension Funds, Insurance Companies and corporates

RoE Maximization through Capital Conservation





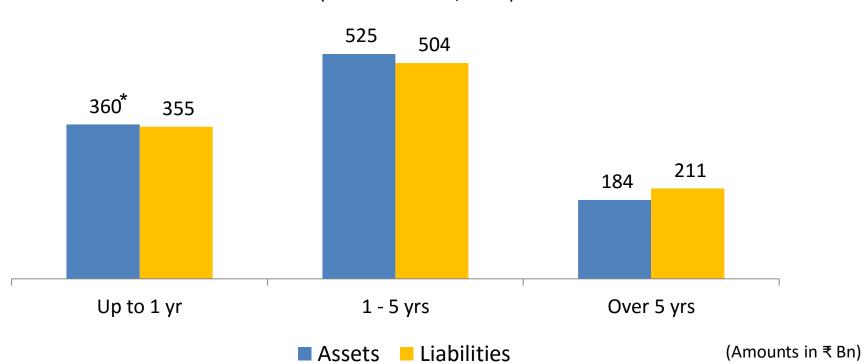
- Total of ₹ 42 Bn loans sold down in preceding 12 months, equivalent to 19% of incremental loan assets
- 10% of total loan assets are sold down and growth of on-balance sheet loan assets (6-year CAGR: 27%) is slower than growth in total loan assets (6-year CAGR: 29%)
- While profits are driven by the spread on total loan assets, capital is required only for on-balance sheet book*



Optimally Matched Balance Sheet



(As of March 31, 2017)



- * Assets in the 'Up to 1 Yr' bucket includes ₹ 185.02 Bn (as of March 31, 2017) of Cash,
 Cash equivalents and investments in liquid debt instruments
- The maturity profile reflects adjustments for prepayments and renewals in accordance with the guidelines issued by the National Housing Bank





<u>e-Home Loans India's First Online Home Loans Home Loans</u>

Application & Document Completion



Online form filled at customer convenience
Click-of-button call centre support
Document upload and e-sign attestation
Video and multimedia access to information

Credit Appraisal & Sanction



Focus on appraisal. No manual data entry
- Fields from application form

- Modules analyse submitted documents

Quick turnaround. Improved productivity

Digitally signed sanction letter

Disbursal



No requirement to visit the branch

Loan agreement e-signed

Property documents collected from customer

RTGS to builder/ seller account

- Process at customer convenience 24x7 access
- Better access to loan information and education
- Loan turn-around time crunched to a few working hours
- Elimination of human error. Vastly improved data quality
- Savings from a paper-free process, no storage costs and no risk of loss of important documents



Enhancing Customer Experience and Convenience



OneGO e-Sign



Single e-signature for multiple uploaded documents

Replaces 70+ signatures required on physical application form

Unified Payment Interface



Money transfer as easy as sending a text message

UPI integration offers the easiest means of EMI payments

Facebook Integration



Lead generation through Facebook

Application form filling through Facebook Chatbot

Customer servicing, account statement and transaction confirmation

DigiLocker Integration



Customers increasingly store key documents in DigiLocker

Integration with DigiLocker enables one-click submission of documents

Offline Application Form



Enables offline form filling

Solution to deal with poor internet connectivity

Application Form Hand-Holding



Hand-holding for application form filling

Big step towards paper-less loan processing and fulfilment

Technology Leveraged Cost-Effective Growth



Reduction in Processing Cost per File and Greater Credit Control









- Smart city home loans driven through eHome loans led sourcing and credit appraisal
- Within 9 months of launch, <u>20%</u> of incremental home loans sourced through 'e-Home Loans'
- End-to-end technology enabled loan fulfillment
 - Application form filled in 15 minutes
 - Parallel credit processes: Appraisal, technical check, legal verification and fraud control
- Increased customer convenience **AND** increased thoroughness of credit appraisal
- Reduced scope for fraud and vastly improved information quality
 - UIDAI (Aadhar)*: eSign and eKYC Government database
 - NSDL**: Tax filings, salary income Tax authority database
 - Bank statements directly from banks
- Elimination of human and data entry error
- Credit focus on appraisal and underwriting, free from time-consuming data entry

Declining Cost-to-Income Ratio





- Increasing scale and effective technology deployment driving cost efficiencies
- Increasing share of home loans and cost-effective expansion into tier-II smart cities will lead to continuing decline in cost-to-income ratio

^{*}UIDAI(Aadhar): Government of India's secured biometric and demographic database for Indian citizens

^{**}NSDL: Online PAN (Permanent Account Number – Unique tax identification number for individuals) verification by authorized entities



Eminent and Experienced Board of Directors HOME I

Board of Directors with pre-eminence and experience in diverse fields

Mr. Sameer Gehlaut : Executive Chairman

Mr. Gagan Banga : Vice Chairman and Managing Director

Dr. K.C. Chakrabarty : Former Deputy Governor, The Reserve Bank of India

Justice Gyan Sudha Misra : Retired Justice, Supreme Court of India

• Justice Bisheshwar Prasad Singh : Retired Justice, Supreme Court of India

Mrs. Manjari Kacker : Former member of CBDT (Central Board of Direct Taxes)

Brig. Labh Singh Sitara
 Honoured with the Dhyan Chand Award by the President of India

• Mr. Samsher Singh Ahlawat : 20 years of banking experience in senior management positions

Mr. Prem Prakash Mirdha : Business background with expertise in SME sector

Mr. Ashwini Kumar Hooda : Deputy Managing Director

Mr. Ajit Kumar Mittal : Executive Director, Ex-Reserve Bank of India

• Mr. Sachin Chaudhary : Executive Director, Mortgage Business Head



Corporate Social Responsibility

Indiabulls Foundation: Corporate Social Responsibility





Best Overall Excellence in CSR award at National Awards for Excellence in CSR & Sustainability 2016



Jan Swastha Kalyan Vahika (charitable medical vans):

- Free check-up
- Added 3 vans to existing fleet of 17
- More than 7,65,000 patients served

Free Medical Clinic:

- 4 free medical clinics
- More than 119,538 treated

Health Check-up Camp:

- Doorstep health check-up once a month
- More than 16,000 patients served

...... = 0,000

- Footwear distribution

Kumud:

Green soles:

- Sanitary napkin distribution
- Hygiene for underprivileged rural women

Scholarship:

- To over 600 meritorious students

Computer Literacy Program:

- 1,000 computers to tribal ashram schools, shelter homes and night schools

Tie-up with ESHA foundation:

 Create awareness about online library of ESHA, helped 47,000 visually challenged

Renewable Energy Plants:

- Free of cost round-the-clock seamless electricity to 5 tribal ashram schools
- Benefits 3,400 tribals students every year

Renewable Energy

Nutrition

Sanitation



Paushtik Aahar:

- Free nutrition supplements to the underprivileged and malnourished
- 5,000 individuals per month
- Over 85,000 children to date

Water Wheel Project:

- Distributed more than 1,400 water wheels to underprivileged people
 - Over 7,700 villagers will benefit

Rahat:

- Water project at 3 tribal ashram schools
- Over 2,500 children will benefit every year

Education Indiabulls SCHOLARS







Distribution Network, Ratings, Key Ratios, Valuations and Shareholding

Country Wide Reach





Denotes cities with 3 or more offices

Denotes cities with 2 offices



- Walk-in branches
- Customer interaction and service delivery
- · Credit authority for low-ticket sizes

Service

Master

Centers (MSC)

- · Regional credit hub
- · Detailed credit analysis
- · Underwrites high value cases



- Core credit committee
- Loans above predefined limits go to the committee

Smart City Branches

- Technology enabled lean branches with only sales staff
- On-line loan application file completion
- Underwriting at 'hub' credit centres

ISO 14001:2015

Certifies systematic compliance of IBHFL's environmental management systems

Awards and Accolades

Certificate for Risk Management

Service

Centers

Customer

interaction and

service delivery

Recommends

proposals No credit authority

> Excellence in Home Loan Banking

Best Digital Innovators Housing Finance in Customer Experience Company of the

year 2016

Sustainable Growth Silver Award

Certificate of Excellence

Golden Peacock Awards 2017



My FM Stars Of Industry Awards 2017



BFSI Digital Innovators Award 2016



Navbharat Realty **Business Achievers**

Award 2016



46th SKOCH Summit 2016



BFSI Tech Maestro Awards ²⁰¹⁶ 57

Offices



Credit Ratings

	Long Term Rating	Short Term Rating
CARE Ratings	AAA	A1+
Brickwork Ratings	AAA	
CRISIL (a Standard & Poor's Company)	AA+ [Outlook: Positive] Outlook revised upwards from 'Stable'	A1+
ICRA (an Associate of Moody's Investor Service)	AA+	A1+
India Ratings & Research (a Fitch Group Company)		A1+



Rising Productivity Ratios

	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
No. of Employees	4,512	4,243	4,072	4,099	4,840	5,453	6,388
Profit per employee (₹ Mn)	1.7	2.4	3.1	3.8	3.9	4.3	4.6
Asset per employee (₹ Mn)	37.1	58.5	80.9	108.4	118.2	140.2	162.3
Cost-to-Income Ratio	21.0%	18.7%	18.0%	17.1%	16.4%	14.3%	13.3%





	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Pre Tax RoAA (%)	5.5%	4.9%	4.9%	4.8%	4.9%	4.9%	4.6%
Post Tax RoAA (%)	4.1%	3.7%	3.8%	3.8%	3.7%	3.7%	3.6%
RoE (%)^	17.2%	22%	26%	27%	29%	26%	26%
Capital Adequacy (%)#	23.87%	19.96%	18.58%	20.47%	19.60%	23.38%	20.91%
- Tier I#	23.63%	19.27%	15.05%	16.10%	16.28%	20.36%	17.25%
- Tier II#	0.24%	0.69 %	3.53%	4.37%	3.32%	3.02%	3.66%

RoAA: Return on Average Assets RoE: Return on Equity

^{^ ₹ 40} Bn of equity was raised through a QIP in September, 2015 # Adjusted for mutual fund investments





	Mar-11	Mar-12	Mar-13	Mar-14	Mar-15	Mar-16	Mar-17
Market Price per Share (₹)	154.8	207.1	271.8	285.6	557.9	674.0	989.9*
Market Capitalisation (₹ Bn)	48.1	64.5	84.9	95.4	198.4	284.0	419.6
PE Ratio (times)	6.5	6.5	6.8	6.0	10.2	11.3	14.4
Dividend per Share (₹) #	10	13	20	29	35	36	36
Dividend Yield	6.5%	6.3%	7.4%	10.2%	6.3%	5.3%	3.6%
Foreign Institutional Shareholding (%)	43.5%	38.7%	45.2%	41.1%	51.8%	58.9%	63.6%

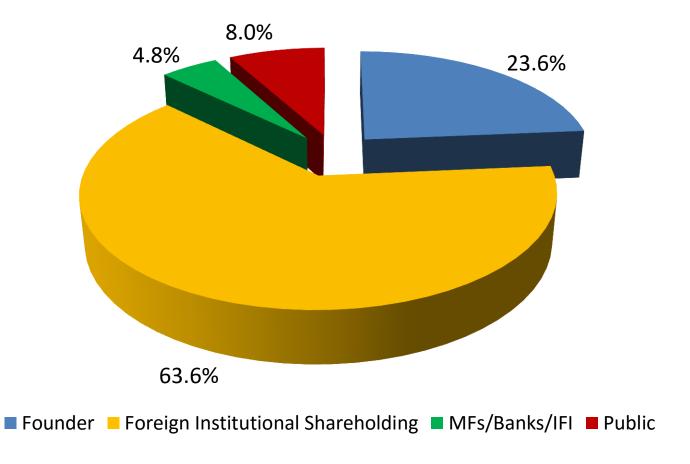
IBHFL is a part of Nifty 50 and MSCI India indices





Shareholding Pattern







Detailed Financials



Consolidated Balance Sheet

Statement of Assets and Liabilities		(₹ in Billion)	
Particulars	As a		
	31.03.17	31.03.16	
L COURTY AND LIABILITIES	(Audited)	(Audited)	
I. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
(1) Shareholder's Funds			
(a) Share Capital	0.85	0.84	
(b) Reserves and Surplus	120.37	106.10	
(2) Share application money pending allotment	0.00	-	
(3) Non-Current Liabilities			
(a) Long-term borrowings	541.16	355.21	
(b) Deferred tax Liabilities (net)	1.18	0.81	
(c) Other Long term liabilities	1.59	1.54	
(d) Long term provisions	7.85	6.81	
(4) Current Liabilities			
(a) Short-term borrowings	180.33	143.11	
(b) Trade payables			
(i) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises; and	-	-	
(ii) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	0.06	0.09	
(c) Other current liabilities	180.75	140.58	₹ 185.02 Bn of
(d) Short-term provisions	2.91	2.11	
Total	1,037.05	757.20	Cash & Cash
II. ASSETS			Equivalents and
(1) Non-current assets			Investments in
(a) Fixed assets			Liquid Dobt
(i) Tangible assets	0.90	0.67	Liquid Debt
(ii) Intangible assets	0.11	0.02	Instruments
(b) Goodwill on Consolidation (Net)	0.68	0.67	
(c) Non-current investments	7.97	7.24	
(d) Deferred tax assets (net)	0.08	0.05	
(e) Long term loans and advances	743.08	535.23	
(f) Other non-current assets	2.32	4.14	
(2) Current assets			
(a) Current investments	128.20	99.69	
(b) Trade receivables	0.14	0.03	
(c) Cash and cash equivalents	56.83	29.02	
(d) Short-term loans and advances	87.80	73.79	
(e) Other current assets	8.95	6.66	
Total	1,037.05	757.20	

The company had cash, cash equivalents and investments in liquid debt instruments of $\stackrel{>}{\scriptstyle{\sim}}$ 185.02 Bn as at 31st Mar, 2017. The company receives income from its cash, cash equivalents and investments in liquid debt instruments through the quarter, most of which appears in 'Other Income'



Consolidated Income Statement

						(₹ in Billion
			Quarter ended			ended
	Particulars	31.03.17	31.12.16	31.03.16	31.03.17	31.03.16
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Audited)
1	Revenue from operations	29.31	25.86	24.01	103.99	82.90
2	Other income	2.93	4.19	2.46	13.03	9.36
3	Total revenue (1+2)	32.25	30.04	26.47	117.02	92.26
4	Expenses					
	Employee benefits expense	1.14	1.32	1.15	5.00	4.13
	Finance costs	17.39	16.33	13.62	64.11	49.71
	Depreciation and amortisation expense	0.07	0.06	0.05	0.23	0.20
	Other expenses	3.96	2.28	2.76	9.96	6.92
	Total expenses	22.55	19.99	17.57	79.30	60.97
5	Profit before tax (3-4)	9.70	10.06	8.90	37.72	31.29
6	Tax expense					
	Current tax expense (Net of MAT credit entitlement)	1.77	2.00	2.07	8.29	6.97
	Deferred Tax	(0.45)	0.55	0.01	0.34	0.79
	Total Tax Expense	1.32	2.56	2.08	8.63	7.76
7	Profit for the Year (5-6)	8.37	7.50	6.82	29.09	23.53
8	Add: Share of Profit / (Loss) of Associate	0.03	0.01	(0.06)	(0.02)	(0.08
9	Profit for the year attributable to Minority Interest (7+8)	8.41	7.51	6.76	29.06	23.45
10	Less: Share of Profit attributable to Minority Interest	-	-	-	-	0.00
11	Profit for the year attributable to the Shareholders of the Company (9-10)	8.41	7.51	6.76	29.06	23.45
12	Paid-up Equity Share Capital	0.85	0.85	0.84	0.85	0.84
13	Reserves excluding Revaluation Reserves as per Balance Sheet as on March 31, 2017				120.37	106.10
14	Earnings per Share (EPS) before extraordinary items					
	*(EPS for the quarters are not annualised)					
	-Basic (Amount in ₹)	19.83*	17.77*	16.04*	68.80	59.84
	-Diluted (Amount in ₹)	19.63*	17.57*	15.85*	67.98	58.75
	-Face Value (Amount in ₹)	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
	Earnings per Share (EPS) after extraordinary items					
	*(EPS for the quarters are not annualised)					
	-Basic (Amount in ₹)	19.83*	17.77*	16.04*	68.80	59.84
	-Diluted (Amount in ₹)	19.63*	17.57*	15.85*	67.98	58.75
	-Face Value (Amount in ₹)	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00

Indiabuls HOME LOANS

Update on OakNorth Bank

- IBHFL bought a 40% stake in OakNorth Bank at £ 80.6 per share in Nov 15
- In April 17, 18 months after IBHFL's investment, OakNorth Bank raised equity capital at £ 119.4 per share, 50% higher than what IBHFL paid for its stake
- Last round investors (family investing entities of):
 - Mr. Stefano Pessina Founder and Principal shareholder of Walgreens Boots Alliance, a USD 90 Bn market cap business
 - Mr. Mark Evans, Balderton Capital One of the leading European tech investors
 - Mr. Gavyn Davies, Active Private Equity Sold his previous fund to KKR and a former Chairman of BBC

• Key financials and ratios:

Loan Book (£ Mn)	280
Average Yield	8.5%
Average CoF	1.8%
NIM	6.7%

OakNorth Bank has already achieved cash break-even and is expected to get to 25% RoE in next 3
years with a loan book of £ 2.5 Bn and net profits of £ 75 Mn

Indiabuls HOME LOANS

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