

Unaudited Financial Results – Q3 FY 2017-18

January 23, 2018



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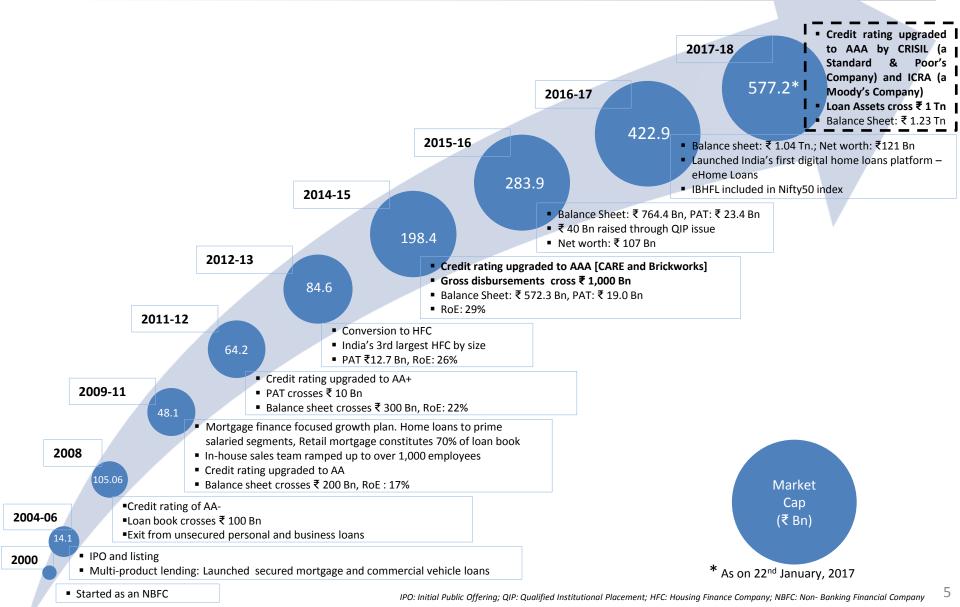
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## **Business Update**



### Our Journey





### **Business Update**

#### Key Financial Highlights: 9M FY 17-18 vs 9M FY16-17

	9M FY 17-18	9M FY 16-17	Y-o-Y Growth (%)
Balance Sheet (₹ Bn)	1,228.56	1,024.06	20.0%
Loan Assets (₹ Bn)	1,073.28	814.22	31.8%
Total Revenues	106.73	84.77	25.9%
PAT (₹ Bn)	28.17	20.66	36.4%
EPS (₹)	66.34	48.95	35.5%

#### Year-on-Year (Y-o-Y) Comparison : Q3 FY17-18 vs Q3 FY16-17

	Q3 FY 17-18	Q3 FY 16-17	Y-o-Y Growth (%)
Total Revenues	41.06	30.04	36.7%
PAT (₹ Bn)	11.68	7.51	55.4%
EPS (₹)	27.45	17.77	54.5%

An interim dividend of ₹ 14 per share of face value ₹ 2/-, amounting to 700%, has been declared in the board meeting held on January 23, 2017. An additional dividend of ₹ 5 over the regular ₹ 9, is being distributed from the profits of sale of ~10% stake in OakNorth Bank to GIC of Singapore



## Indian Home Loans Market

### Q3 FY18: Macro Updates on Mid-Income Affordable Housing



- According to Knight Frank report, housing sales across top eight property markets rose 28% for the quarter ended December 2017 from a year ago <sup>1</sup>
  - Delhi-NCR and Mumbai saw residential sales increase by 21% and 19% Y-o-Y respectively during H2 CY17<sup>1</sup>
- The share of affordable housing segment launches in Delhi-NCR region increased to 71% in Q3CY17 as compared with just 21% in 2012 <sup>2</sup>
  - Between Q1CY15 and Q3CY17, 47% of units launched in NCR were in the affordable segment <sup>2</sup>
- Affordable housing portfolio continued to grow at a faster pace of 24% y-o-y <sup>3</sup> supported by:
  - increase in supply of affordable housing projects following the infrastructure status accorded to the sector
  - the improved borrower affordability supported by lower interest rates and capital subsidy through the credit-linked subsidy scheme
- Affordable housing credit growth over the medium to long term is expected to be high at around 30%, which could increase mortgage penetration levels to over 12-14% by March 2022 <sup>3</sup>

### Favourable Macros for Mid-Income Affordable Housing



- With PMAY for mid-income affordable housing, effective interest rate at 0.30% for home loan of ₹
   2.4 Mn, against rental yields of 3.2%
- RBI, SEBI and IRDA Regulatory agencies working in coordination towards "Housing for All by 2022"
  - SEBI in Feb 2017, increased cap on additional exposure to AA (and above) rated HFCs from 25% to 40%, the only sector enjoying limit above 25% sectoral cap applicable for all other sectors
  - Affordable housing has been granted infrastructure status in the 2017 budget ECBs up to \$ 750 Mn per annum can be raised under automatic route
  - RBI has reduced risk weights on bank lending to AAA rated HFCs to 20% from 100%, enabling banks to lower cost of funding to HFCs
  - IRDA has exempted investments in AAA rated HFCs from sectoral caps thereby **enabling insurance companies to freely invest in HFC debt instruments**
- Employee Provident Fund Organisation (EPFO) members can withdraw up to 90% of their accumulated corpus for purchase or construction of a house, increasing both affordability and loan eligibility
  - The balance, unutilised EPF corpus can be further withdrawn to service home loan EMIs
  - The total EPF corpus is ₹ 8.5 lakh Cr. (₹ 8.5 trillion) with a subscriber base of 50 million
- Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (PMAY) scheme for mid-income affordable housing extended by 15 months up till March 2019

### PMAY and Tax Incentives for Mid-Income Affordable Housing



## Tremendous boost from expansion of coverage to mid-income affordable housing under Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (PMAY)

- People earning up to ₹ 150,000 per month now covered under the scheme for purchase of a house of carpet area up to 1,615 Sq. Ft.
- There is no cap on the value of the house being purchased
- Up to a home loan amount of ₹ 2,285,000 (property value of ₹ 3,265,000) the effective interest rate on the loan will be less than 0% over the loan tenure, the borrower repays less than the loan amount
- Up to a home loan of ₹ 3,600,000 (property value of ₹ 5,140,000) the effective interest rate on the loan will be less than the rental yield, which averages 3.2% for the top-12 Indian cities
- Effective home loan rate for ₹ 2.4 Mn home loan, IBHFL's average ticket size, is 0.30%
- PMAY subsidies are promptly processed through the NHB and payments are received in 30 days
- PMAY projects to be out of purview of GST

### PMAY and Tax Incentives for Mid-Income Affordable Housing



#### Illustration for Indiabulls Housing's average Home Loan

- House value : ₹ 3,500,000
- Home loan amount

- ₹ 2,400,000 (Loan to value of 70%)
- PMAY subsidy : ₹ 230,156
- Net loan amount : ₹ 2,169,844

Years	Opening Loan Principal	Interest Payment (@ 8.35%)	Principal Repayment (pre-payment at least up till ₹ 150,000 p.a. to maximise tax benefit)	Tax Saved*	Net Amount Paid (Net of Tax Savings)
1	2,169,844	179,524	150,000	101,823	227,701
2	2,019,844	166,509	150,000	97,801	218,708
3	1,869,844	153,493	150,000	93,779	209,714
4	1,719,844	140,477	150,000	89,758	200,720
5	1,569,844	127,462	150,000	85,736	191,726
6	1,419,844	114,446	150,000	81,714	182,732
7	1,269,844	101,431	150,000	77,692	173,738
8	1,119,844	88,415	150,000	73,670	164,745
9	969,844	75,399	150,000	69,648	155,751
10	819,844	62,384	161,115	65,627	157,873
11	658,729	48,403	175,096	61,307	162,192
12	483,633	33,210	190,289	56,612	166,887
13	293,344	16,699	206,800	51,510	171,989
14	86,544	1,748	86,544	27,282	61,010
Total		1,309,600	2,169,844	1,033,959	2,445,486

Effective Interest Rate	
on Home Loan	0.30% p.a.

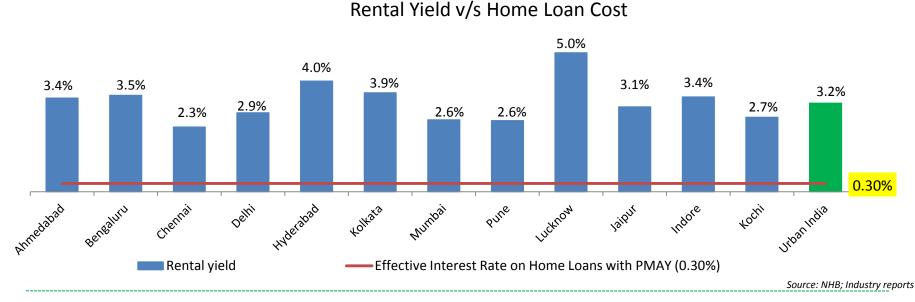
\* Tax saved = 30.90% of [interest paid up to ₹ 250,000 + principal paid up to ₹ 150,000]

• Interest subsidy benefit under PMAY scheme extended by 15 months up till March 2019

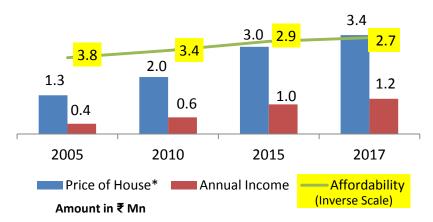
#### EMI Smaller than Rent Cheque:

PMAY and Tax Incentive for Mid-Income Affordable Housing





Increasing Affordability



Affordability is defined as "Price of House" divided by the "Annual Income" \* Source: NHB; Industry reports

- The effective home loan rate is only 0.30% against rental yield of 3.2% in the top-12 Indian cities
- Home ownership is very lucrative and much cheaper than renting property

EMI: Equated Monthly Installment. Equal monthly installments of a principal amortising loan PMAY: Pradhan Mantri Awas Yajana 12

### Growth Momentum in Mid-Income Affordable Housing



- Central assistance to the tune of ₹ 127 Bn has been released under PMAY Urban scheme, leading to completion of 288,963 houses in CY2017<sup>1</sup>
- Data from an RBI report of Jan 2018 shows that NPAs for housing loans up to ₹ 2.5 Mn have decreased to 1.3% in FY17 from 1.4% in FY16<sup>1</sup>
  - NPAs for housing loan portfolios of HFCs with ticket size up to ₹ 2.5 Mn have decreased to 0.7% in FY17 from 0.8% in FY16<sup>1</sup>
- The share of the affordable housing segment in terms of the number of housing projects launched increased to 30% in CY2017 from 25% in CY2016<sup>1</sup>
- Established players such as Shappoorji Pallonji [Joyville] and Tata [Value Homes] have rebranded themselves to cater to affordable housing segment. Mahindra Lifespace partnered with HDFC Capital Affordable Real Estate Fund to develop 5-10 million sq. ft. across affordable residential projects. Purvankara launched a ₹ 6 Bn affordable housing project in Bengaluru

<sup>1</sup> RBI Bulletin, January 2018

## Affordable Housing: An attractive trigger for all-round growth

Economic activity to accelerate in India in next 18 months driven by housing

Economic Times, December 14, 2017

## forResidential sales up 28% in topAffordable Housing To8 cities in Oct-Dec: ReportSpur Credit Growth

Performance helped by RERA implementation and effective 10-15% price correction across key markets

Economic Times, January 2, 2018

The market potential is huge and will grow across all retail lending portfolios

### Commercial Office Space Absorption



- Office space leasing at ₹ 50 to ₹ 70 per sq. ft. per month (~ 1 USD) is a lead indicator of housing demand. As a rule of thumb, 100 sq. ft. of office space requires almost 1,000 sq.ft. of residential space
- Commercial office space absorption crossed 42 million sq. ft. in CY2017<sup>1</sup>
  - Leasing activity grew 18% Y-o-Y for Q4CY2017<sup>1</sup>
  - Bangalore and NCR account for over 50% of leasing activity in CY2017<sup>1</sup>
- Office space vacancy at 8-year low at the end of FY2017. Construction cycle has now resumed with
  office space supply at 32.20 million sq. ft. in CY2017<sup>2</sup>
- Take-off in large office space deals in CY2017 with over 50 large leasing transactions over 1,00,000 sq. ft. each, constituting over 11.5 million sq. ft.<sup>2</sup>
- Chennai, Pune and Mumbai amongst the leaders in leasing volumes, with absorption activity growing 38%, 18% and 9% respectively<sup>2</sup>
- Pre-leasing, an indicator of sustained demand and occupiers interest, is at an all-time high. Over 12 million sq. ft. of pre-leasing activity recorded in CY2017<sup>1</sup>. Leasing activity is highest in suburban and peripheral localities, which coincide with supply of mid-income affordable housing

<sup>1</sup> CBRE Report, January 2018

<sup>2</sup> Cushman & Wakefield Survey

### Office real estate stays steady in tough year

Commercial-space leasing led by technology and related sectors has continued to show resilience and remained positive in 2017

Economic Times, December 30, 2017

## Robust demand to push absorption of commercial space by over 10%

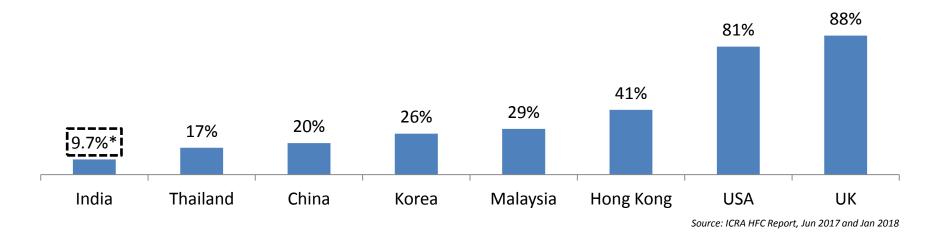
Absorption to grow by over 10% to 33.5 million sq ft in 2018; supply of new grade-A commercial spaces to rise above 41 million sq ft.

Economic Times, January 6, 2018

### Housing Potential: Driven by Favourable Demographics



- Urban housing requirement: estimated at 45 million units by 2022<sup>1</sup>
- Demand continues to increase due to shortage of houses, rising income levels, rapid urbanization, which is expected to rise to 40% by 2030<sup>2</sup>, and growing trend of nuclear families



- Low mortgage penetration compared to advanced and emerging economies implies huge opportunity for growth
- Indian mortgage industry at an inflection point and is expected to grow five-fold in the next 10 years

### Strong Structural Drivers and Government

### Focus



#### Measures in the last 18 months: Boost to the Housing Sector

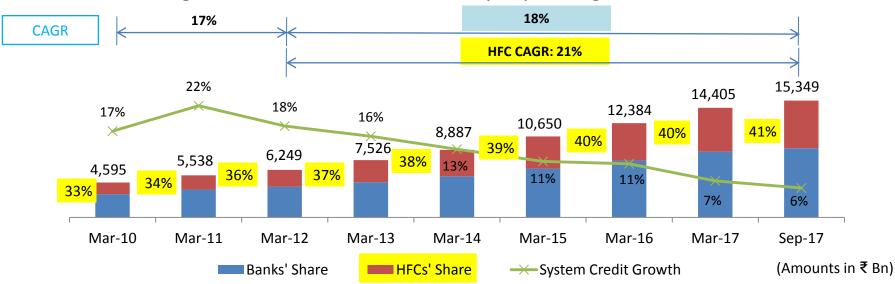
Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (PMAY)	Subsidy eligibility under Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (PMAY) covers up to ₹ 12 lakh of home loan – reduces effective home loan rates to 0.30% for mid-income affordable housing		
EPF Corpus Withdrawal	Homebuyers can withdraw from their accumulated EPF corpus for both the down payment on their house as well as paying their home loan EMIs		
Regulator	Real Estate (Regulatory & Development) Act, 2016 enables a structured, transparent and disciplined sector		
Tax Incentives	Increased tax incentive reduces effective home loan yields to 0.30% for a 8.35% home loan		
Budget 2016-17	100% tax exemption on profits from construction of affordable housing will attract organized developers and increase supply		
Fiscal Incentives	PMAY projects to be out of purview of GST. Service tax exemption on construction of affordable housing projects will lead to reduction in prices, increasing affordability		
7 <sup>th</sup> Pay Commission Annual payout to 10 Mn government employees to go up by ₹ 1 Tn per annum. Increased displayed income will have positive impact on the housing sector			
Key Structural Dr	ivers of Housing Growth		
Favorable Demographics	66% of India's population is below 35 years of age. Urban housing requirement estimated to grow to 45 million units by 2022		
Accelerating Urbanization	Urbanisation to rise to 40% of population by 2030 from the present 31%		
Improving Affordability	Rising disposable income, affordable housing loan interest rates and tepid property price inflation resulting in rapidly increasing affordability		
Government Policy Thrust	Housing for All by 2022; Smart cities plan; Atal Mission for Rejuvenation and Urban Transformation; Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (PMAY)		
Funding Drivers	RBI, SEBI and IRDA – regulatory focus on increasing funding avenues to HFCs; Distribution tax on securitization abolished		
EPF: Employees' Provident Fund	SEBI: The Securities and Exchange Board of India GST: Goods and Services Tax IRDA: Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority RBI: The Reserve Bank of India		

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### Mortgage Market Growth

#### Growing HFC Market Share in a Steadily Expanding Home Loans Market



ICRA's report of Dec 2017 states that mortgage penetration has increased steadily from ~7% as on March 31<sup>st</sup>, 2007 to ~9.7%

#### ICRA expects banks to grow by 16-18% and HFCs to grow at 19-21%

- Housing finance market to double over the next 5 years, pushing mortgage penetration levels up by around 300-500bps
- HFCs reported a 23% y-o-y growth for the year ended September 2017
- HFC home loan growth in FY2018 is expected to be around 19-21%

Merrill Lynch in their report for September 2017 mentions that HFCs will continue to outpace banks in housing credit:

- 15-30% growth for HFCs v/s 11% for banks
- Mortgage market to grow at 20%+ CAGR over FY19-22E vs 18.2% CAGR over FY12-17
- Growth is aided by supportive regulatory environment for affordable housing addressing supply and demand sides, and rising affordability led by stable property prices and rising wages

Source: RBI Database, NHB Reports & Industry Estimates



Parar	neters	HFCs	Banks
NPA Recognition		90 dpd	90 dpd
CRAR		12%	9%
- Tier 1		6%	6%
Standard Asset	Housing Loans	0.4% [0.25% incrementally]	0.4% [0.25% incrementally]
Provisions	Others	1%	0.25-1%
SARFAESI Coverage		Yes	Yes

- HFCs are regulated by National Housing Bank (NHB), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Reserve Bank of India (RBI)
- New regulatory guidelines are uniformly applied to both banks and HFCs



## **Financial and Operational Highlights**

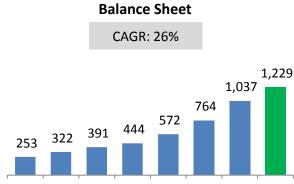
### **Business Summary**



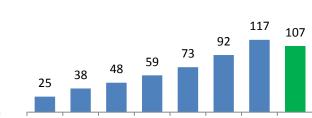
•	Balance Sheet	:	₹ 1.23 Tn
•	Loans Outstanding (December 31, 2017)	:	₹ 1.07 Tn (US\$ 16.77 Bn)
•	Loan Assets CAGR (7 years)	:	30%
•	Cumulative Loans to Retail Customers	:	995,480
•	Cumulative Loans Disbursed till date	:	₹ 1.96 Tn (US\$ 30.56 Bn)
•	Cost to Income Ratio (9M FY18)	:	12.5%
•	Profit After Tax CAGR (7 years)	:	28%

### **Consistent Track Record**





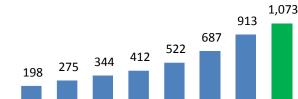
Loan Assets CAGR: 28%



FY11

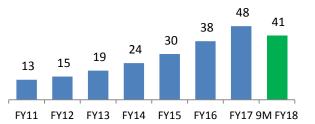
Revenue

CAGR: 29%



Mar-11 Mar-12 Mar-13 Mar-14 Mar-15 Mar-16 Mar-17 Dec-17

#### **Cost-to-Income Ratio** NII 126 bps of average annual decline CAGR: 24%







FY12 FY13 FY14 FY15 FY16 FY17 9M FY18



## Mar-11 Mar-12 Mar-13 Mar-14 Mar-15 Mar-16 Mar-17 Dec-17

#### Amounts in ₹ Bn



### Analysis of Profits – Q3 & 9M FY18

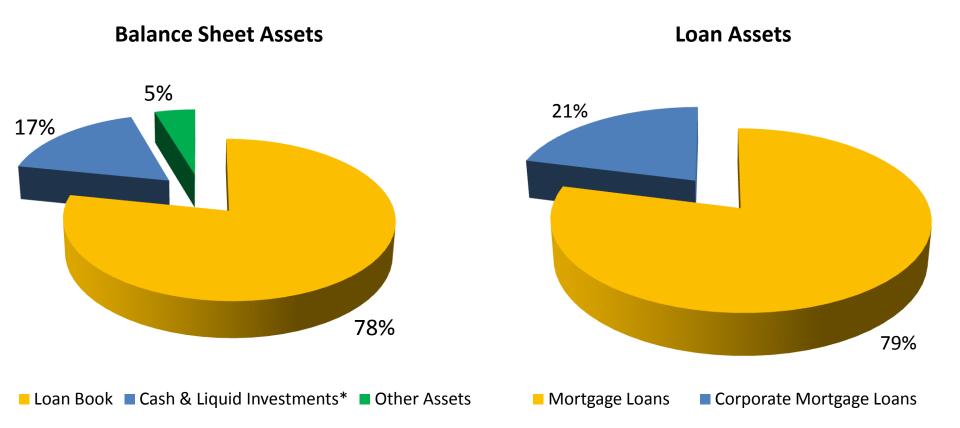
	Q3 FY 17-18	Q3 FY 16-17	Y-o-Y Growth (%)
Reported PBT (₹ Bn)	15.59	10.06	55.0%
Adjustment for one-time items			
Less: Profit on OakNorth Stake Sale (₹ Bn)	5.43	-	
Less: One-time Gains on Investment Book (₹ Bn)	-	1.20	
Core NII (₹ Bn)	14.10	11.41	23.6%
Add: Additional Special Provision (₹ Bn)	1.80	1.20	
Core Business PAT (₹ Bn)	9.30	7.51	23.8%
	9M FY 17-18	9M FY 16-17	Y-o-Y Growth (%)
Reported PBT (₹ Bn)	37.33	28.02	33.2%
Adjustment for one-time items			
Less: Profit on OakNorth Stake Sale (₹ Bn)	5.43	-	
Less: One-time Gains on Investment Book (₹ Bn)	-	1.20	
Core NII (₹ Bn)	41.24	32.88	25.4%
Add: Additional Special Provision (₹ Bn)	1.80	1.20	
	!		L

Core Business PAT (₹ Bn)	25.79	20.71	24.5%
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 In Nov 2017, IBHFL sold ~10% stake in OakNorth Bank for a consideration of ₹ 7.68 Bn, recording a one-off pre-tax profit on sale of Investment of ₹ 5.43 Bn. As a prudent means IBHFL has utilised 33% of the one-off pre-tax gain, to make an additional special provision, in the form of counter-cyclical provisions, of ₹ 1.8 Bn.

### Balance Sheet Assets and Loan Assets





 Home loans, which form the majority of incremental disbursals, are disbursed at an average ticket size of ₹ 2.4 Mn; average LTV of 72% (at origination)

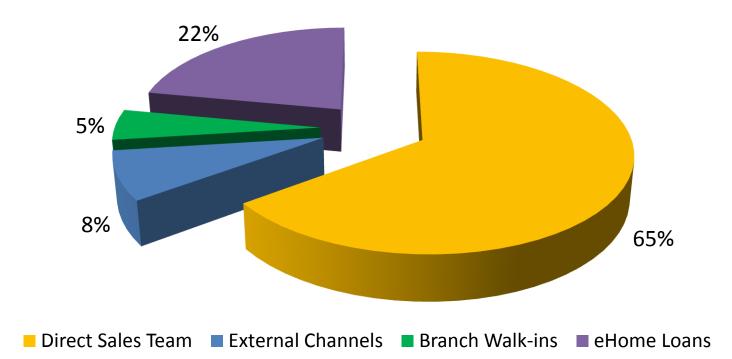
### Asset Quality



			As at December	r <b>31, 2017</b>
0.83%	0.85%	0.77%	NPA (90+ dpd*):	(in ₹ Bn) 8.25
0.48%	0.49%	0.46% 0.31%	Provisions for Contingencies: <i>Of which</i> <i>NPAs:</i> <i>Other provisioning:</i> Regulatory	14.90 <i>4.91</i> 9.98
Dec-15	Dec-16	Dec-17	Provisioning:	8.04
Gross NPA General & Specific Provisions Net NPA			Excess Provisioning ov Regulatory Provisioning:	er 6.86
	(as % of Total Loan Assets)			31% of GNPA

- NPAs have dropped to their lowest level in 21 quarters with Gross NPA at 0.77% and Net NPA at 0.31% driven by increasing share of low-risk home loans
- In Nov 2017, IBHFL sold ~10% stake in OakNorth Bank for a consideration of ₹ 7.68 Bn, recording a one-off pre-tax profit on sale of Investment of ₹ 5.43 Bn. As a prudent means IBHFL has utilised 33% of the one-off pre-tax gain, to make an additional special provision, in the form of counter-cyclical provisions, of ₹ 1.8 Bn.
- Standard Asset Provision and Counter-cyclical Provisions are over and above General and Specific Provision pool and are not netted off against Gross NPAs in calculation of Net NPAs
- Standard asset provisioning rates are 0.4% for housing loans [incrementally 0.25%] and 1.0% for non-housing loans *dpd: days past due*





- 27% of home loans' sourcing is now through eHome Loans. Including LAP, 22% of all retail mortgage loans' sourcing is now through eHome Loans
- Over 90% of incremental sourcing is done in-house between on-rolls employees and eHome Loans

### Home Loan Profile: Focus on Mid-Income Affordable Housing



Average Loan Size	₹ 2.4 Mn
Maximum Loan to Value	80%
Average Loan to Value	73% (at origination)
Average Loan Term	15 years
Primary Security	Mortgage of property financed
Repayment Type	Monthly amortizing

- PMAY extended to Middle Income Group (MIG) defined as households with annual income up to ₹ 1.8 Mn - for purchase of a house of carpet area of up to 1,615 Sq. Ft.
- Effective home loan rate for ₹ 2.4 Mn home loan, IBHFL's average ticket size, is only 0.30%

# Smart City Home Loan: Technology-led cost-effective Geographical Expansion through eHome Loans platform



Minimum Loan Size	₹ 1.0 Mn	
Average Loan Size	₹1.5 Mn	
Maximum Loan Size	₹ 4.0 Mn	
Maximum Loan to Value	80% (at origination)	
Maximum Loan Term	20 years	
Primary Security	Mortgage of property financed	
Repayment Type	Monthly amortizing	

- 69 Smart City Home Loan branches in new towns and cities now contribute 10% to incremental home loans' disbursals. On track for 100 Smart City Home Loan branches by Sep 2018
- Smart City Home Loans rides on the eHome Loans infrastructure with lean spoke branches logging in digital/ scanned loan applications, these are underwritten at centralised regional credit hubs
- Smart City Home Loans is driving expansion into geographies with less competitive intensity, contributing better margins at low cost-to-income without diluting credit standards



### Conservative Loan Against Property Profile

Average Loan Size	₹ 7.3 Mn
Maximum Loan to Value	65%
Average Loan to Value	49% (at origination)
Average Loan Term	7 years
Primary Security	Mortgage of property financed
Repayment Type	Monthly amortizing
Basis of Credit Appraisal	Business cash flow analysis based



### LAP Grading

A Pioneering Initiative for Improved Risk Management and Greater Transparency

Loan Against Property Grading from CRISIL and ICRA

- 11th quarter of industry-pioneering LAP grading initiative
- Sourcing quality sustained through transition to GST
- LAP grading engagement with CRISIL (a Standard and Poor's Company) and ICRA (a Moody's Investors Service Company)
  - CRISIL grades LAP loans on aspects such as past payment track record; nature of business and financial performance; nature of property; and loan attributes like ticket size, lending scheme, loan tenure, etc.
  - ICRA grades LAP loans on aspects such as financial strength; business and management; collateral strength, quality and enforceability; and attributes of the loan itself
  - Engagement with CRISIL and ICRA was initiated more than two years ago in H1FY16
- Concurrent grading by multiple rating agencies
  - Offers IBHFL a broader and deeper perspective and a means to further improve loan portfolio
  - Rating agencies are important stakeholders: exercise will increase comfort and transparency on the asset class
- Grading exercise is being built into a comprehensive risk model
  - Portfolio performance and delinquency is being tracked against loan grades
  - Proactive customer management: retention, upsell/ cross-sell, delinquency management
  - Learning is being fed back to improve loan underwriting and continuously upgrade lending policy



Detailed assessment of key factors determining quality of LAP loans

Financial Strength	Business Management	
<ul> <li>Interest and debt service cover</li> <li>Revenues, margin and profitability</li> <li>Networth and leverage</li> <li>Growth track of key financial parameters</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Business sector and sectoral prospects</li> <li>Business duration and track record</li> <li>Debt service track record</li> <li>Experience and qualification of promoters and proprietors</li> <li>Management strength and experience</li> </ul>	
Collateral Quality	Underwriting Process Adherence	
<ul> <li>Property type and location</li> <li>Valuation of property</li> <li>Ownership and title chain of property</li> <li>Adherence to local zoning and planning permissions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Independent verification and valuation</li> <li>Third party database checks <ul> <li>CERSAI</li> <li>Registrar of companies</li> <li>Credit bureau checks</li> <li>CIBIL mortgage checks</li> <li>RBI willful defaulter list</li> <li>Experian Hunter fraud check</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	



	Grading		Segment Characteristics				
Grading Scale	Quality of LAP Loans#	Disbursals Apr 15 –Sep 17	Interest Service Coverage Ratio (ISCR)	Total Outstanding Liabilities/ Total Networth	Loan to Value (LTV)	EBITDA Margins	
LAP1	Highest	10.18%	10.6 - 13.4	1.3 – 1.4	49%	15% – 18%	Over 99% of
LAP2	High	81.97%	8.6 - 11.9	2.1 – 2.2	50%	12% – 15%	incremental LAP
LAP3	Average	7.40%	9.3 – 12.0	2.9 - 3.0	54%	9% – 12%	I loans are within I the top three I
LAP4	Below Average	0.23%	12.0 - 14.0	1.5 – 1.6	47%	13% – 16%	grades
LAP5	Poor	0.22%	9.9 – 11.9	2.0 - 2.1	54%	13% - 15%	L,

- For over two years now, incremental LAP loans are graded by CRISIL Ratings
- Sourcing quality sustained through transition to GST
- Grading is based on customized scale developed by CRISIL Ratings for IBHFL's LAP loans to small business owners
- CRISIL grades the loans on aspects such as financial strength; business and management; collateral; and underwriting process

<sup>\*</sup> CRISIL LAP grading engagement began in Q1FY16 and up till the publication of this earnings update, CRISIL had graded 81% of the disbursals from Apr 15 to Dec 17 # Adjudged by CRISIL in relation to other LAP loans extended to other borrowers

### ICRA LAP Grading Methodology (2<sup>nd</sup> rating agency to grade LAP loans)



- Two years ago H1FY16, IBHFL tied up with rating agency ICRA to grade its incremental LAP loans
- ICRA LAP Grading reflects ICRA's assessment of the credit quality of the loan on a ICRA developed customised scale

Grading Assessment Parameters			
Business and Business Owner	Collateral Quality and Enforceability	Loan Attributes	
<ul> <li>Fixed obligation to income ratio (FOIR)</li> <li>Past payment track record</li> <li>Credit bureau check</li> <li>Nature of business and financial parameters</li> <li>Due diligence checks <ul> <li>Field credit investigation</li> <li>Personal discussion</li> <li>Reference checks</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Loan to value ratio (LTV)</li> <li>Nature of property <ul> <li>Residential</li> <li>Commercial</li> </ul> </li> <li>Usage of property <ul> <li>Self occupied</li> <li>Rented</li> <li>Vacant</li> </ul> </li> <li>Property location</li> <li>Quality of construction</li> <li>Adherence to sanction plans</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Ticket Size</li> <li>Sourcing channel</li> <li>Lending scheme</li> <li>Loan tenure</li> </ul>	





Grading			Characteristics		
Grading Scale	Level of credit worthiness	Grading Distribution	Median LTV	Median FOIR	
LAP1	Excellent	14.0%	26%	22%	Over 99% of
LAP2	Good	66.7%	52%	47%	incremental LAP loans are within the top
LAP3	Average	19.1%	65%	60%	I are within the top I three grades
LAP4	Below Average	0.2%	62%	63%	
LAP5	Inadequate	-	-	-	

- For the last two years, incremental LAP loans are graded by ICRA
- Sourcing quality sustained through transition to GST
- Grading is based on customized scale developed by ICRA for IBHFL's LAP loans to small business owners
- ICRA grades the loans on aspects such as business and business owner quality; collateral quality enforceability; and loan strengths



### Static Credit Performance Analysis of LAP and HL Pools

### Monthly Monitoring Report of ₹ 194.9 Bn of Sold Down Portfolio – from Rating Agencies CRISIL, ICRA and CARE



Monthly monitoring of sold down pool performance

- ICRA, a Moody's Investors Service Company, publish pool performance for 76 of 87 sold down pools
- CRISIL, a Standard & Poor's Company and CARE publishes pool performance of 11 pools rated by them
- Pool collections monitored at an account level
- Typically done only for PTC transactions. The engagement with ICRA ensures that all pools are monitored on a monthly basis\*
  - Number of live pools: 87
  - Sold down principal of live pools: ₹ 194.9 Bn
  - Current principal outstanding: ₹ 95.5 Bn

Rating Agency	Number of Pools	Sold Down Principal (₹ Bn)	
ICRA	76	169.8	
CARE	3	6.9	
CRISIL	8	18.2	
Total	87	194.9	

### Monthly Monitoring Report of ₹ 194.9 Bn of Sold Down Portfolio as on 31<sup>st</sup> December, 2017



		Initial Pool	Details				of Initi	al POS		
Summary	Number of Pools	Disbursement (₹ Bn)	Sold Down Principal (₹ Bn)	Months on Book	Pool Principal (₹ Bn)	Amortisation*	90+ dpd %	180+ dpd %	CCR	MCR
HL Pools	50	107.1	90.4	37	39.3	63%	0.03%	0.01%	99.9%	101.0%
LAP Pools	37	125.9	104.5	32	56.2	55%	0.06%	0.02%	99.7%	104.0%
Total	87	233.0	194.9	34	95.5	58%	0.05%	0.02%	99.8%	102.6%

#### Home Loans (HL)

- Average vintage of sold down pools of ₹ 90.4 Bn of principal is 37 months
- The pools have amortised 63% since disbursal
- The cumulative collection ratio (CCR) is at 99.9%
- Monthly collection ratio (MCR) is in line with CCR at 101.0%

#### Loan against Property (LAP)

- Average vintage of sold down pools of ₹ 104.5 Bn of principal is 32 months
- The pools have amortised 55% since disbursal
- The cumulative collection ratio (CCR) is at 99.7%
- Monthly collection ratio (MCR) is in line with CCR at 104.0%

## Home Loans Pool Performance Factsheet: ICRA Direct Assignments (Sold Down)



_		lı	nitial Pool Details	5		-		of Initi	al POS		
Sr. No	Investor	Sold Down Date	Disbursement (₹ Mn)	Sold Down Principal (₹ Mn)	MPS	Pool Principal (₹ Mn)	Amortisation*	90+ dpd %	180+ dpd %	CCR	MCR
1	Bank 4	20-Mar-14	3,451.6	2,923.4	45	615.9	80%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	109.9%
2	Bank 5	28-Mar-14	2,119.7	1,677.5	45	255.4	87%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	112.4%
3	Bank 5	27-Jun-14	1,072.1	900.0	41	201.4	79%	0.00%	0.00%	99.5%	110.0%
4	Bank 6	30-Jul-14	1,023.7	800.1	41	216.0	75%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	99.3%
5	Bank 5	30-Sep-14	1,299.1	965.7	38	119.9	90%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	100.0%
6	Bank 8	24-Sep-15	1,164.0	1,001.4	26	549.0	48%	0.28%	0.09%	99.9%	100.3%
7	Bank 9	31-Dec-15	4,496.4	3,742.3	23	1,461.0	64%	0.11%	0.04%	99.9%	99.7%
8	Bank 8	29-Feb-16	1,053.0	894.0	21	333.9	65%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	101.3%
9	Bank 8	28-Mar-16	620.4	530.4	20	266.7	52%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	99.6%
10	Bank 14	28-Jun-13	8,001.1	6,303.0	53	717.3	90%	0.04%	0.04%	99.9%	97.6%
11	Bank 4	29-Oct-13	1,654.5	1,351.3	49	155.4	90%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	99.4%
12	Bank 10	31-Dec-13	2,319.7	1,921.8	47	345.8	83%	0.11%	0.00%	99.9%	100.6%
13	Bank 4	27-Dec-13	2,731.5	2,309.9	47	298.5	88%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	110.4%
14	Bank 3	31-Dec-13	857.1	717.0	47	310.3	60%	0.00%	0.00%	100.0%	102.2%
15	Bank 6	28-Mar-14	1,011.2	826.5	45	169.1	80%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	101.2%
16	Bank 5	26-Dec-14	840.8	679.6	36	107.3	86%	0.00%	0.00%	100.0%	98.2%
17	Bank 4	30-Dec-14	2,345.9	1,982.9	35	167.5	92%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	101.6%
18	Bank 4	01-Mar-15	1,877.0	1,563.1	33	311.0	82%	0.10%	0.05%	99.9%	102.3%
19	Bank 4	11-Jun-15	1,000.3	855.2	31	216.9	76%	0.00%	0.00%	99.8%	106.4%
20	Bank 4	23-Jun-15	2,328.0	1,869.1	30	359.2	83%	0.18%	0.12%	99.9%	105.9%
21	Bank 7	29-Jun-15	999.8	845.3	29	135.5	85%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	103.1%
22	Bank 8	25-Aug-15	729.1	613.4	28	266.4	59%	0.00%	0.00%	100.0%	99.5%

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## Home Loans Pool Performance Factsheet: ICRA Direct Assignments (Sold Down)



		li	nitial Pool Detail	s				of Initi	al POS		
Sr. No	Investor	Sold Down Date	Disbursement (₹ Mn)	Sold Down Principal (₹ Mn)	MPS	Pool Principal (₹ Mn)	Amortisation*	90+ dpd %	180+ dpd %	CCR	MCR
23	Bank 7	01-Sep-15	1,380.1	1,159.3	27	232.9	81%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	101.9%
24	Bank 7	28-Sep-15	1,167.8	964.4	26	182.6	83%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	100.0%
25	Bank 8	31-Dec-15	1,178.5	986.5	23	364.7	66%	0.23%	0.23%	99.9%	101.4%
26	Bank 7	23-Dec-15	528.5	451.4	23	72.6	85%	0.00%	0.00%	100.0%	100.0%
27	Bank 9	23-Mar-16	1,341.8	1,125.2	20	644.3	47%	0.17%	0.00%	99.9%	98.5%
28	Bank 8	31-Mar-16	597.8	506.4	20	173.5	68%	0.00%	0.00%	100.0%	100.0%
29	Bank 6	21-Mar-16	2,818.3	2,345.3	20	475.8	81%	0.00%	0.00%	100.0%	102.1%
30	Bank 6	21-Mar-16	973.8	793.5	20	79.4	91%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	97.2%
31	Bank 8	30-Jun-16	1,864.9	1,574.5	17	718.9	57%	0.14%	0.00%	99.8%	98.9%
32	Bank 9	30-Jun-16	1,153.7	976.9	17	582.2	44%	0.11%	0.11%	99.9%	100.0%
33	Bank 6	30-Jun-16	1,119.6	935.2	17	211.1	79%	0.00%	0.00%	100.0%	99.1%
34	Bank 10	30-Jun-16	1,358.3	1,128.3	17	432.2	65%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	99.7%
35	Bank 8	28-Sep-16	2,564.5	2,164.3	14	791.3	66%	0.00%	0.00%	100.0%	100.4%
36	Bank 11	29-Sep-16	1,286.2	1,082.1	14	511.0	56%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	100.6%
37	Bank 9	28-Sep-16	1,189.4	1,003.1	14	645.6	40%	0.00%	0.00%	100.0%	100.0%
38	Bank 15	29-Sep-16	7,334.6	6,120.0	8	3,614.7	45%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	100.0%
39	Bank 14	23-Jun-17	1,955.3	1,592.5	5	1,337.8	24%	0.00%	0.00%	99.3%	98.4%
40	Bank 15	23-Jun-17	4,600.7	3,874.2	5	2,426.9	41%	0.00%	0.00%	99.8%	99.9%
41	Bank 8	30-Jun-17	2,123.7	1,769.9	5	1,435.8	25%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	99.9%
42	Bank 8	26-Sep-17	2,007.5	1,680.7	2	1,636.2	9%	0.00%	0.00%	99.8%	99.7%
43	Bank 15	27-Sep-17	9,098.2	7,601.8	2	7,267.0	11%	0.00%	0.00%	100.0%	100.0%

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### LAP Pool Performance Factsheet: ICRA Direct Assignments (Sold Down)



		I I	nitial Pool Detai	ls				of Initi	ial POS		
Sr. No	Investor	Sold Down Date	Disbursement (₹ Mn)	Sold Down Principal (₹ Mn)	MPS	Pool Principal (₹ Mn)	Amortisation*	90+ dpd %	180+ dpd %	CCR	MCR
1	Bank 3	31-Dec-13	2,244.2	1,786.4	47	211.5	90%	0.00%	0.00%	99.8%	103.2%
2	Bank 10	07-Feb-14	4,298.2	3,298.3	47	454.1	88%	0.01%	0.01%	99.9%	137.3%
3	Bank 4	28-Mar-14	2,716.0	2,144.5	45	264.8	89%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	100.2%
4	Bank 4	20-Jun-14	2,310.9	1,893.7	41	243.7	88%	0.07%	0.07%	99.9%	100.3%
5	Bank 4	27-Jun-14	1,854.7	1,535.7	41	399.7	76%	0.12%	0.12%	99.9%	105.2%
6	Bank 10	29-Dec-14	4,540.4	3,716.1	35	805.6	80%	0.17%	0.15%	99.8%	113.6%
7	Bank 2	30-Mar-15	10,671.9	8,695.3	32	2,694.8	72%	0.31%	0.04%	99.8%	105.9%
8	Bank 4	30-Jun-15	1,450.6	1,127.7	29	318.2	76%	0.00%	0.00%	100.0%	100.0%
9	Bank 12	28-Sep-15	2,201.9	1,807.1	26	580.5	71%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	111.6%
10	Bank 12	28-Sep-15	2,345.4	2,002.8	26	688.7	67%	0.28%	0.00%	99.7%	104.9%
11	Bank 1	28-Sep-15	3,594.8	2,849.6	26	843.2	74%	0.00%	0.00%	99.8%	123.0%
12	Bank 8	29-Sep-15	4,302.8	3,641.3	27	1,113.0	71%	0.00%	0.00%	99.8%	97.2%
13	Bank 12	09-Dec-15	333.1	241.5	24	58.2	81%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	100.0%
14	Bank 12	09-Dec-15	506.3	434.9	24	206.5	55%	0.00%	0.00%	99.5%	170.5%
15	Bank 12	23-Dec-15	1,561.8	1,336.9	23	483.9	66%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	106.0%
16	Bank 1	31-Dec-15	1,203.8	997.7	24	368.7	66%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	98.8%
17	Bank 1	31-Dec-15	2,785.4	2,224.8	24	769.2	69%	0.00%	0.00%	99.6%	110.4%
18	Bank 1	03-Mar-16	956.7	774.4	21	338.7	61%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	100.0%
19	Bank 12	10-Mar-16	1,753.5	1,499.8	21	620.7	61%	0.00%	0.00%	99.8%	109.7%
20	Bank 9	30-Jun-16	2,503.4	2,094.0	17	1,129.1	50%	0.37%	0.00%	99.7%	97.1%
21	Bank 10	30-Jun-16	4,059.2	3,314.6	17	1,638.4	55%	0.41%	0.29%	99.8%	99.3%
22	Bank 13	26-Sep-16	1,523.7	1,248.0	15	679.2	50%	0.00%	0.00%	99.7%	110.4%
23	Bank 13	26-Sep-16	2,162.9	1,748.0	15	682.2	65%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	97.5%
24	Bank 8	30-Sep-16	3,311.7	2,733.2	14	1,390.6	53%	0.00%	0.00%	99.8%	102.8%
25	Bank 14	30-Mar-17	4,158.7	3,405.1	8	2,539.3	32%	0.00%	0.00%	99.8%	100.8%
26	Bank 1	20-Mar-12	2,360.3	2,223.4	69	177.8	92%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	103.6%
27	Bank 8	30-Jun-17	4,060.1	3,327.2	6	2,927.0	20%	0.00%	0.00%	99.6%	100.5%
28	Bank 10	28-Jun-17	6,265.8	4,694.4	5	3,945.2	30%	0.00%	0.00%	99.8%	100.9%
29	Bank 5	26-Sep-17	12,376.8	9,477.0	2	8,782.3	21%	0.00%	0.00%	99.8%	99.9%
30	Bank 5	26-Sep-17	7,061.2	5,808.2	2	5,521.6	13%	0.00%	0.00%	99.0%	98.9%

MPS: Months post securitisation CCR: Cumulative collection ratio

MCR: Monthly collection ratio dpd: days past due

\*Amortisation is calculated on Disbursement

Data is for Dec 2017 payouts

### Home Loans and LAP Pool Performance Factsheet Pass-Through Certificates



#### **HL Pools**

		Ir	nitial Pool Detail	s				of Init	ial POS			
Sr No	Investor	Sold Down Date	Disbursement (₹ Mn)	Sold Down Principal (₹ Mn)	MPS	Pool Principal (₹ Mn)	Amortisation*	90+ dpd %	180+ dpd %	CCR	MCR	Outstanding Rating from
1	Bank 2	20-Mar-14	3,353.9	3,151.7	45	1,482.7	56%	0.00%	0.00%	100.0%	99.8%	ICRA
2	Bank 9	29-Jun-17	3,544.7	3,299.6	5	3,046.3	14%	0.00%	0.00%	98.8%	99.8%	ICRA
3	Bank 2	30-Dec-13	1,095.9	993.3	48	373.1	66%	0.00%	0.00%	100.0%	99.3%	CRISIL
4	Bank 14	01-Mar-15	2,940.5	2,724.4	34	1,238.2	58%	0.00%	0.00%	100.0%	99.5%	CRISIL
5	Bank 3	31-Dec-12	1,286.5	1,186.2	60	323.8	75%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	99.6%	CRISIL
6	Bank 3	28-Mar-13	1,146.0	1,070.9	57	412.9	64%	0.00%	0.00%	100.0%	99.9%	CRISIL
7	Bank 14	27-Sep-13	3,119.0	2,864.4	51	1,023.7	67%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	99.8%	CRISIL

#### LAP Pools

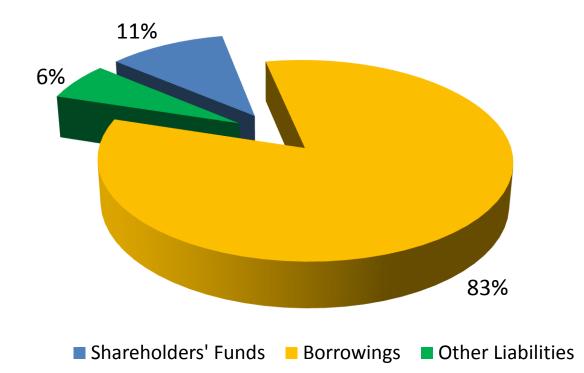
		In	nitial Pool Detail	ls				of Init	ial POS			
Sr No	Investor	Sold Down Date	Disbursement (₹ Mn)	Sold Down Principal (₹ Mn)	MPS	Pool Principal (₹ Mn)	Amortisation*	90+ dpd %	180+ dpd %	CCR	MCR	Outstanding Rating from
1	Bank 2	30-Dec-13	1,114.1	986.0	47	158.0	86%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	100.0%	CARE
2	Bank 2	20-Mar-14	4,403.3	3,850.0	45	716.9	84%	0.00%	0.00%	99.8%	99.6%	CARE
3	Bank 3	31-Mar-16	2,279.9	2,091.0	20	1,209.0	47%	0.00%	0.00%	99.8%	101.2%	CARE
4	Bank 9	27-Sep-17	6,640.4	6,096.8	2	5,937.7	11%	0.00%	0.00%	99.7%	99.8%	ICRA
5	Bank 14	30-Sep-16	1,437.3	1,359.8	14	746.0	48%	0.00%	0.00%	99.6%	100.0%	CRISIL
6	Bank 9	30-Dec-16	5,458.2	5,126.9	11	4,089.0	25%	0.00%	0.00%	99.6%	99.2%	CRISIL
7	Bank 9	27-Mar-17	3,100.7	2,923.5	8	2,500.0	19%	0.00%	0.00%	99.9%	99.9%	CRISIL



## **Liabilities Profile**

## Liabilities

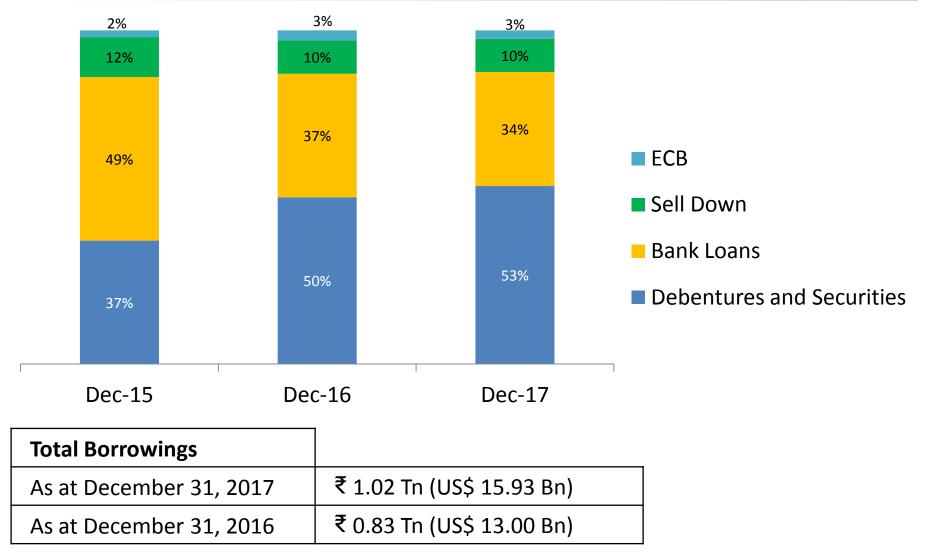




Total Liabilities	
As at December 31, 2017	₹ 1.23 Tn (US\$ 19.20 Bn)
As at December 31, 2016	₹ 1.02 Tn (US\$ 16.00 Bn)



## Funding Mix

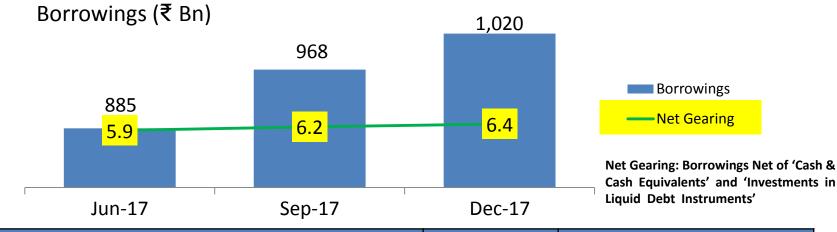


US \$ amounts are converted based on the exchange rate of US 1 = 364

**ECB: External Commercial Borrowing** 



## Strengthening Liability Profile

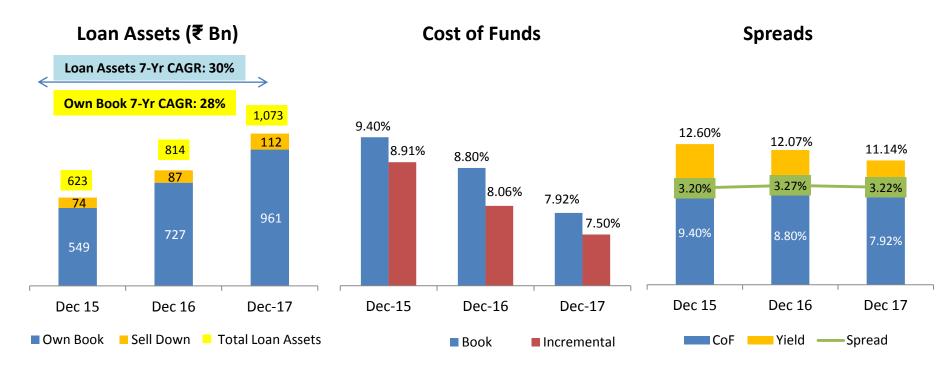


Total Fu	nding (₹ Bn)		Net Incremental	Contribution to Incremental
	Dec 17 Mar 17		in 9 Months	Borrowings in last 9 Months
Bank Loans	387.0	346.6	40.4	21.0%
Debentures and Securities	604.0	480.5	123.6	64.2%
ECB	28.8	25.9	2.8	1.5%
Total Borrowing	1,019.8	853.0	166.8	86.7%
Sell Down	112.5	86.9	25.6	13.3%
Total	1,132.3	939.9	192.4	100.0%

- ₹ 455.3 Bn of debenture and securities raised in 21 months since March 2016 is twice that of ₹ 220 Bn raised in 36 months spanning FY 13-14 to FY 15-16; and is nearly 5x of that raised in FY 2015-16
- Amongst its lenders, the company now counts 485 strong relationships: 21 PSU banks, 21 Private and Foreign banks and 443 Mutual Funds, Provident Funds, Pension Funds, Insurance Companies and corporates

## Spreads Within Guided Range as Home Loan Share Increases





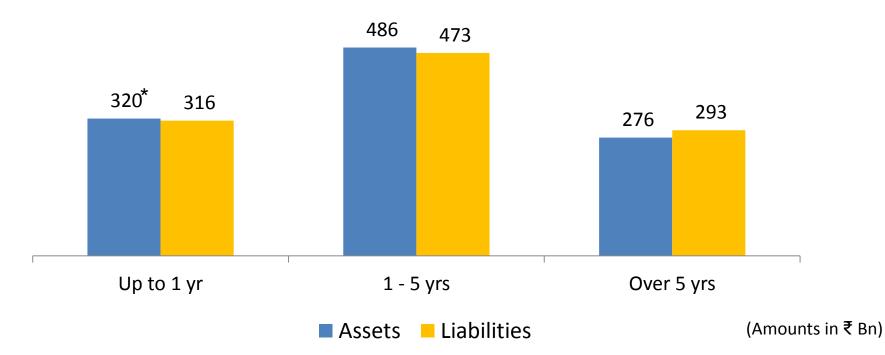
- Spread on stock of loans within guided range at 322 bps
- NII, adjusted for one-time gains on the investment book in both Q3FY17 and Q3FY18, is at ₹ 14.1 Bn up from ₹ 11.4 Bn, a growth of 23.6% Y-o-Y
- Growth of on-balance sheet loan assets (7-year CAGR: 28%) is slower than growth in total loan assets (7-year CAGR: 30%) facilitating RoE expansion
- While profits are driven by the spread on total loan assets including sold down assets, capital is required only for on-balance sheet book\*

**Optimally Matched Balance Sheet** 



### **Maturity Profile**

(As of March 31, 2017)



- \*Assets in the 'Up to 1 Yr' bucket includes ₹ 185.02 Bn (as of March 31, 2017) of Cash, Cash equivalents and investments in liquid debt instruments
- The maturity profile reflects adjustments for prepayments and renewals in accordance with the guidelines issued by the National Housing Bank

The company had cash, cash equivalents and investments in liquid debt instruments of  $\mathfrak{F}$  185 Bn as at 31<sup>st</sup> Mar, 2017. The company receives income from its cash, cash equivalents and investments in liquid debt instruments through the quarter, most of which appears in 'Other Income'



## Evolution of Home Loans Product and Distribution

# Evolution of Distribution Model and Geographical Coverage



	Sourcing	Underwriting Approach	Turn-around Time for Loan Appraisal*	Geographical Coverage
Pre-2010	Branch Based	Manual decisioning	5 to 7 days	Metro-centric:
2010	Point-of-sale: Construction sites	Pen-and-paper based underwriting	2 days	>85% for top-20 cities
	e Home Loans	Manual decisioning Digitized underwriting	8 hours	120 tier I cities 100 tier II & III cities
2016	and Smart City Home Loans	Q2 CY 2018 Score based automated decisioning Digitized underwriting	Instant credit decisioning	70% from top 20 30% from smaller cities
2018	Analytics Driven Predictive Pre- approved Offers	Big-data driven customer life-stage monitoring Pre-approved customized offers	Pre-approved offers	2020 150 tier I cities 200 tier II & III cities 50% from top 20
* Marking days (hours		Automated decisioning		50% from smaller cities

\* Working days/hours

## Technology Leveraged Cost-Effective Growth



#### **Improved Efficiency and Throughput**

- The next revision of eHome Loans to be launched in Q1FY19 will deploy analytical and application scoring modules to partly automate credit decisioning e-Home Loans .
  - In little over a year of launch:
    - 27% of incremental home loans are end-to-end disbursed through the 'eHome Loans' platform
    - 36% of the remainder loans use the 'eHome Loans' platform for one or more of its features
    - Smart City Home Loans, a year old initiative, are also driven through the eHome Loans platform

Average number of visits made by the sales executive per loan is down by half

#### End-to-end technology enabled loan fulfillment features

- Application form is being filled in 15 minutes
- Document upload
- e-sign of all documents
- Online payment of processing fees
- Disbursement initiation, request for first and subsequent tranches: payment directly credited to builder/customer account following online disbursement initiation by customer
- Increased customer convenience AND increased thoroughness of credit appraisal
  - Parallel credit processes: eHome Loans has cut TAT by half to an average of under a day
- Reduced scope for fraud and vastly improved information quality
  - UIDAI (Aadhar)\*: eSign and eKYC Government database
  - NSDL\*\*: Tax filings, salary income Tax authority database
  - Bank statements directly from banks

#### **Declining Cost-to-Income Ratio**

21.0% 18.7% 18.0% 17.1% 16.4% 14.3% 13.3% 12.5% FY13 FY14 FY15 FY16 FY11 FY12 FY17 9MFY18

Apply

AADHAAR

Sanction

ONLINE

Government of India

Unique Identification Authority of India

Disburse

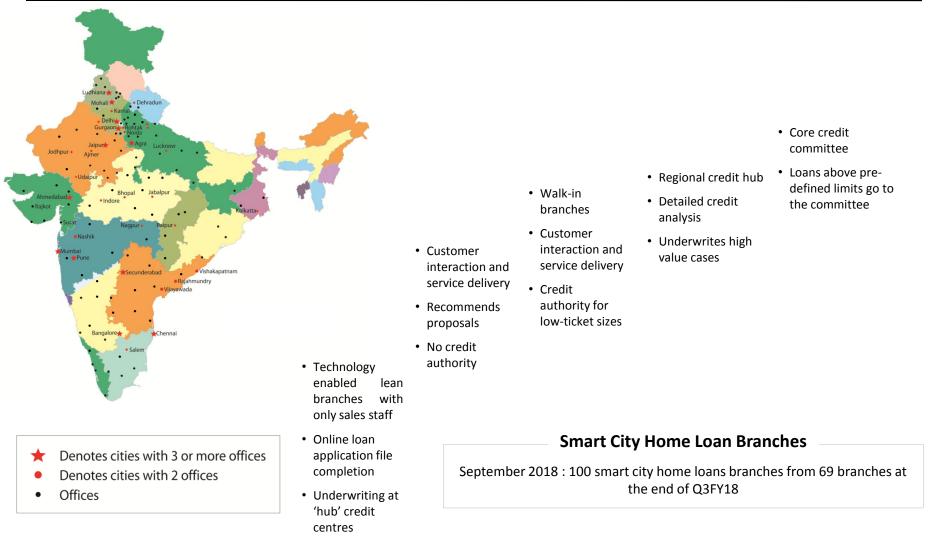
- Cost-to-income ratio down by 179 bps to 12.5% in 9M FY18 from FY16 •
- Increasing scale and effective technology deployment driving cost efficiencies
  - Increasing share of home loans and cost-effective expansion into tier-II smart cities will lead to continuing decline in cost-to-income ratio
- \*UIDAI(Aadhar): Government of India's secured biometric and demographic database for Indian citizens

\*\*NSDL: Online PAN (Permanent Account Number – Unique tax identification number for individuals) verification by authorized entities

TAT: Turn Around Time – time taken since application submission to decision on sanction

## **Country Wide Reach**







## **Corporate Social Responsibility**

## Indiabulls Foundation: **Corporate Social Responsibility**





#### Best Overall Excellence in CSR award at National Awards for Excellence in CSR & Sustainability 2016

#### Health



#### Free Mobile Medical Vans

- Free primary doorstep healthcare facility
- 3 vans added to existing fleet of 26
- 1,91,827 patients diagnosed this quarter
- Total 12,44,447 patients successfully treated

#### Free Charitable Medical Clinic

- 5 free clinics treated over 20,250 patients -Health Check-up Camp
- Conducted in Thane, Raigad and Palghar districts with 8,781 beneficiaries this guarter

#### Free Dialysis Treatment

10,000 free dialysis treatment to be provided; 857 provided this guarter

#### Transforming Mokhada (a taluka adopted to bring about sustainable change)

- 3 mobile medical vans and 1 clinic benefitting 28,713 beneficiaries
- Mini health camps every month benefiting 3.306 beneficiaries
- improving Focus majorly on nutritional condition of children, pregnant women and lactating mothers
- 42,500 beneficiaries this guarter
- 1,99,100 beneficiaries till date

#### **Renewable Energy Plants:**

- Free of cost round-the-clock seamless electricity to 5 tribal ashram schools
- Benefits 3,400 tribals students every year -
- 10,200 beneficiaries till date

#### Women Empowerment:

- 600 rural women from 7 states trained
- 3 months professional training certified by National Skill Development Corporation
- Over 75% of them have been placed in hospitals and nursing homes with attractive salaries

#### Mokhada



#### **Renewable Energy**



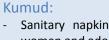
#### **Skill Development**





#### Nutrition





- Sanitary napkins distributed to over 6,600 women and adolescent girls this quarter
- Hygiene awareness sessions conducted
- Total 61,106 beneficiaries till date

#### Paushtik Aahar:

- nutrition supplements the Free to underprivileged and malnourished
- 20,000 individuals per month
- 17,500 beneficiaries in this quarter
- 1,60,362 beneficiaries till date



## Board of Directors, Ratings, Key Ratios, Valuations and Shareholding



Eminent and Experienced Board of Directors

Board of Directors with pre-eminence and experience in diverse fields

- Mr. Sameer Gehlaut
- Mr. Gagan Banga
- Dr. K.C. Chakrabarty
- Justice Gyan Sudha Misra
- Justice Bisheshwar Prasad Singh
- Mrs. Manjari Kacker
- Brig. Labh Singh Sitara
- Mr. Samsher Singh Ahlawat
- Mr. Prem Prakash Mirdha
- Mr. Ashwini Kumar Hooda
- Mr. Ajit Kumar Mittal
- Mr. Sachin Chaudhary

- : Executive Chairman
- : Vice Chairman, Managing Director and CEO
  - : Former Deputy Governor, The Reserve Bank of India
  - : Retired Justice, Supreme Court of India
- h : Retired Justice, Supreme Court of India
  - : Former member of CBDT (Central Board of Direct Taxes)
  - : Honoured with the Dhyan Chand Award by the President of India
  - : 20 years of banking experience in senior management positions
  - : Business background with expertise in SME sector
  - : Deputy Managing Director
  - : Executive Director, Ex-Reserve Bank of India
  - : Chief Operating Officer



	Long Term Rating
CRISIL (a Standard & Poor's Company)	AAA
ICRA (a Moody's Investor Service Company)	AAA
CARE Ratings	AAA
Brickwork Ratings	AAA



## **Rising Productivity Ratios**

	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
No. of Employees	4,512	4,243	4,072	4,099	4,840	5 <i>,</i> 453	6,388
Profit per employee (₹ Mn)	1.7	2.4	3.1	3.8	3.9	4.3	4.6
Asset per employee (₹ Mn)	37.1	58.5	80.9	108.4	118.2	140.2	162.3
Cost-to-Income Ratio	21.0%	18.7%	18.0%	17.1%	16.4%	14.3%	13.3%



	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Pre Tax RoAA (%)	5.5%	4.9%	4.9%	4.8%	4.9%	4.9%	4.6%
Post Tax RoAA (%)	4.1%	3.7%	3.8%	3.8%	3.7%	3.7%	3.6%
RoE (%)^	17.2%	22%	26%	27%	29%	26%	26%
Capital Adequacy (%) <sup>#</sup>	23.87%	19.96%	18.58%	20.47%	19.60%	23.38%	20.91%
- Tier I#	23.63%	19.27%	15.05%	16.10%	16.28%	20.36%	17.25%
- Tier II#	0.24%	0.69 %	3.53%	4.37%	3.32%	3.02%	3.66%



## Valuations and Returns

	Mar-11	Mar-12	Mar-13	Mar-14	Mar-15	Mar-16	Mar-17	Dec-17
Market Price per Share (₹)	155	207	272	286	558	674	998	1,355*
Market Capitalisation (₹ Bn)	48.1	64.5	84.9	95.4	198.4	284.0	422.9	577.2
PE Ratio (times)	6.5	6.5	6.8	6.0	10.2	11.3	14.5	15.3
Dividend per Share (₹) <sup>#</sup>	10	13	20	29	35	36	36	32
Dividend Yield	6.5%	6.3%	7.4%	10.2%	6.3%	5.3%	3.6%	3.1%
Foreign Institutional Shareholding (%)	43.5%	38.7%	45.2%	41.1%	51.8%	58.9%	63.6%	55.7%
Domestic Institutional Shareholding (%)	3.3%	2.4%	3.6%	3.4%	3.3%	2.7%	4.8%	12.1%

IBHFL is a part of Nifty 50, MSCI India and FTSE4Good indices

# Normalized to reflect periods the dividends pertain to

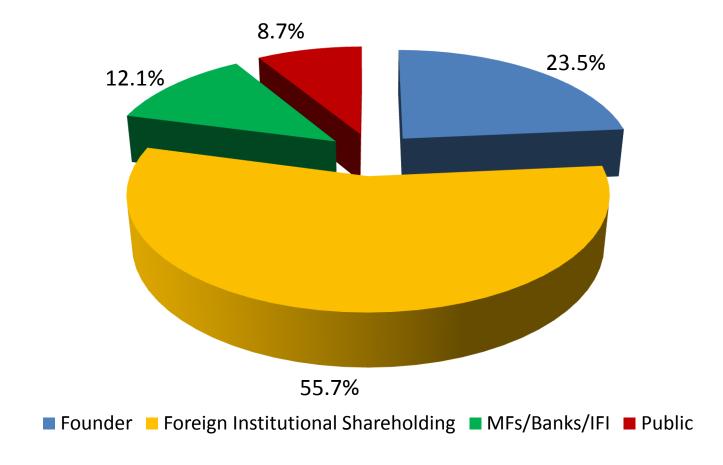
PE: Price to Earnings (12 months trailing)

US \$ amounts are converted based on the exchange rate of US \$1 = ₹ 64





## Shareholding Pattern



• Domestic institutional shareholding has increased 4.5x to 12.1% from 2.7% in March 2016



## **Detailed Financials**

## **Consolidated Balance Sheet**



Statement of Assets and Liabilities	(₹ in Bi		
Particulars	As		
	31.12.17	31.12.16	
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	
I. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
(1) Shareholder's Funds			
(a) Share Capital	0.85	0.85	
(b) Reserves and Surplus	130.89	117.01	
(2) Non-Current Liabilities			
(a) Long-term borrowings	617.55	548.40	
(b) Deferred tax Liabilities (net)	1.60	1.60	
(c) Other Long term liabilities	3.81	29.57	
(d) Long term provisions	10.21	7.38	
(3) Current Liabilities			
(a) Short-term borrowings	235.06	168.58	
(b) Trade payables			
(i) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small	-	-	
enterprises; and			
<ul> <li>(ii) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises</li> </ul>	0.37	0.13	
(c) Other current liabilities	225.58	148.00	
(d) Short-term provisions	2.57	2.55	₹ 210.89 Bn of
Total	1,228.56	1,024.07	Cash & Cash
II. ASSETS			
			Equivalents and
(1) Non-current assets			Investments in
(a) Fixed assets			
(i) Tangible assets	0.96	0.71	Liquid Debt
(ii) Intangible assets	0.11	0.11	Instruments
(b) Goodwill on Consolidation (Net)	0.63	0.68	mstruments
(c) Non-current investments	30.65	7.79	/ /
(d) Deferred tax assets (net)	0.10	0.04	
(e) Long term loans and advances	867.03	668.13	
(f) Other non-current assets	5.46	4.33	
(2) Current assets			
(a) Current investments	160.08	> 210.74	
(b) Trade receivables	0.18	0.07	
(c) Cash and cash equivalents	50.81	> 17.42	
(d) Short-term loans and advances	98.17	102.73	
(e) Other current assets	14.38	10.72	
Total	1,228.56	1,024.07	

The company had cash, cash equivalents and investments in liquid debt instruments of  $\mathcal{Z}$  210.89 Bn as at 31<sup>st</sup> Dec, 2017. The company receives income from its cash, cash equivalents and investments in liquid debt instruments through the quarter, most of which appears in 'Other Income'



## **Consolidated Income Statement**

							(₹ in Billion
			Quarter ended			ths ended	Year ended
	Particulars	31.12.17	30.09.17	31.12.16	31.12.17	31.12.16	31.03.17
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
1	Revenue from operations	33.49	30.67	25.86	93.72	74.68	103.99
2	Other income	7.56	2.75	4.19	13.01	10.09	13.03
3	Total revenue (1+2)	41.06	33.42	30.04	106.73	84.77	117.02
4	Expenses						
	Employee benefits expense	1.56	1.53	1.32	4.42	3.86	5.00
	Finance costs	19.53	18.35	16.33	55.61	46.72	64.11
	Depreciation and amortisation expense	0.08	0.08	0.06	0.23	0.16	0.23
	Other expenses	4.29	2.33	2.28	9.14	6.01	9.96
	Total expenses	25.46	22.29	19.99	69.40	56.75	79.30
5	Profit before tax (3-4)	15.59	11.14	10.06	37.33	28.02	37.72
6	Tax expense						
	Current tax expense (Net of MAT credit entitlement)	3.80	1.40	2.00	7.54	6.52	8.29
	Deferred Tax (Credit) / Charge	0.14	1.22	0.55	1.78	0.79	0.34
	Total Tax Expense	3.94	2.62	2.56	9.32	7.31	8.63
7	Profit for the Period / Year (5-6)	11.65	8.52	7.50	28.01	20.71	29.09
8	Add: Share of Profit / (Loss) of Associate	0.02	0.09	0.01	0.16	(0.05)	(0.02
9	Profit for the period / year attributable to Minority Interest (7+8)	11.68	8.61	7.51	28.17	20.66	29.06
10	Less: Share of Profit attributable to Minority Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	Profit for the period / year attributable to the Shareholders of the Company (9-10)	11.68	8.61	7.51	28.17	20.66	29.06
12	Paid-up Equity Share Capital	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85
13	Reserves excluding Revaluation Reserves as per Balance Sheet as on March 31, 2017						120.37
14	Earnings per Share (EPS) before extraordinary items						
	*(EPS for the quarters and nine months are not annualised)						
	-Basic (Amount in ₹)	27.45*	20.29*	17.77*	66.34*	48.95*	68.80
	-Diluted (Amount in ₹)	27.13*	20.03*	17.57*	65.53*	48.35*	67.98
	-Face Value (Amount in ₹)	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
	Earnings per Share (EPS) after extraordinary items						
	*(EPS for the quarters and nine months are not annualised)						
	-Basic (Amount in ₹)	27.45*	20.29*	17.77*	66.34*	48.95*	68.80
	-Diluted (Amount in ₹)	27.13*	20.03*	17.57*	65.53*	48.35*	67.98
	-Face Value (Amount in ₹)		2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00

In Nov 2017, IBHFL sold ~10% stake in OakNorth Bank for a consideration of ₹ 7.68 Bn, recording a one-off pre-tax profit on sale of Investment of ₹ 5.43 Bn. As a prudent means IBHFL has utilised 33% of the one-off pre-tax gain, to make an additional special provision, in the form of counter-cyclical provisions, of ₹ 1.8 Bn.

The company had cash, cash equivalents and investments in liquid debt instruments of  $\mathfrak{F}$  210.89 Bn as at 31<sup>st</sup> Dec, 2017. The company receives income from its cash, cash equivalents and investments in liquid debt instruments through the quarter, most of which appears in 'Other Income'



## Thank you